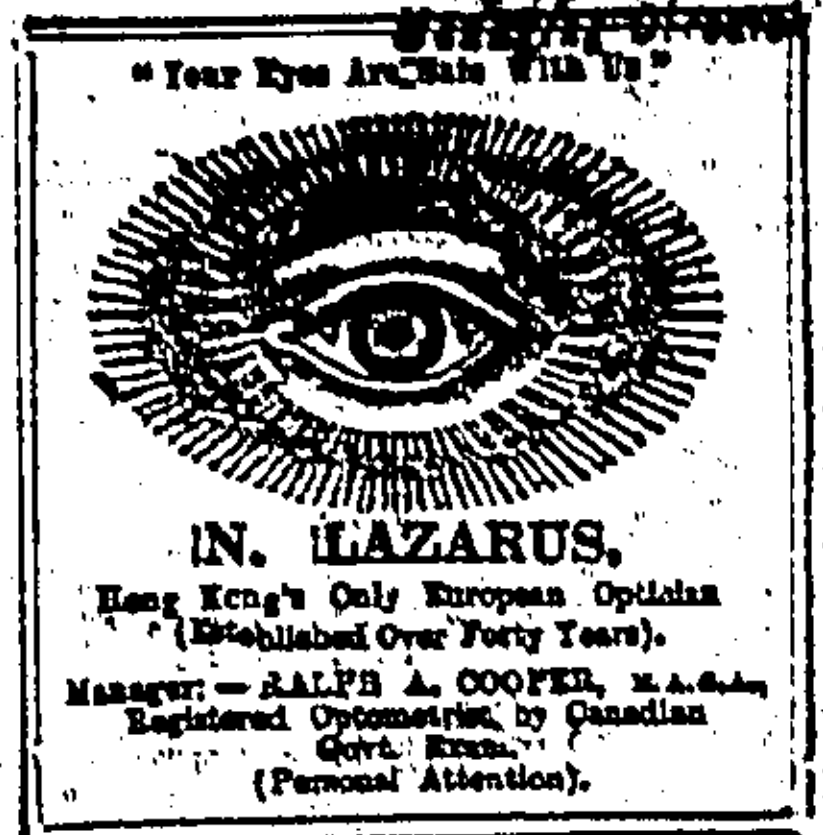


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No. 22,075 號伍拾柒零貳貳貳第 日拾初月叁年巳己 HONG KONG, FRIDAY, APRIL 19, 1929. 伍拜禮 日玖拾月年九廿百九仟壹英

PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

On and after April 8th, 1929, until further Notice (all previous Time Tables cancelled).

### UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Kowloon Dep.	6.40	8.05	8.30	9.15	10.00	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.15	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15
Yamat Dep.	6.49	8.14	8.39	9.24	10.09	10.24	11.24	12.24	1.24	2.24	3.24	4.24	5.24	6.24	7.24	8.24	9.24	10.24	11.24	12.24	1.24	2.24	3.24	4.24
Shatin Dep.	7.01	8.26	8.51	9.36	10.21	10.36	11.36	12.36	1.36	2.36	3.36	4.36	5.36	6.36	7.36	8.36	9.36	10.36	11.36	12.36	1.36	2.36	3.36	4.36
Taipei Dep.	7.15	8.40	9.05	9.50	10.35	10.50	11.50	12.50	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	6.50	7.50	8.50	9.50	10.50	11.50	12.50	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50
Market Dep.	7.30	8.55	9.20	10.05	10.40	10.55	11.55	12.55	1.55	2.55	3.55	4.55	5.55	6.55	7.55	8.55	9.55	10.55	11.55	12.55	1.55	2.55	3.55	4.55
Fanning Dep.	7.50	9.15	9.40	10.25	11.00	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.15	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15
Shun Dep.	7.55	9.20	9.45	10.30	11.05	11.20	12.20	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.20	5.20	6.20	7.20	8.20	9.20	10.20	11.20	12.20	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.20	5.20
Shun Arr.	7.41	8.45	9.13	10.21	10.58	1.05	2.13	3.15	4.00	5.49	6.58	8.03	9.08	10.13	11.18	12.23	1.28	2.33	3.38	4.43	5.48	6.53	7.58	9.03
Canton Arr.	12.05	1.05	1.33	2.41	3.18	3.25	4.25	5.25	6.25	7.25	8.25	9.25	10.25	11.25	12.25	1.25	2.25	3.25	4.25	5.25	6.25	7.25	8.25	9.25

### DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Canton Dep.	—	—	—	8.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shun Dep.	7.17	8.03	10.34	11.57	1.47	2.53	4.39	5.37	6.43	7.07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shun Arr.	7.25	8.11	10.42	12.05	1.55	3.01	4.47	5.45	6.51	7.15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fanning Dep.	7.30	8.15	10.47	12.10	2.00	3.06	4.52	5.50	6.56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Taipei Dep.	7.40	8.25	10.57	12.20	2.10	3.16	5.02	6.00	7.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Market Dep.	7.55	8.31	11.01	12.30	2.20	3.26	5.12	6.10	7.16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shatin Dep.	8.11	8.47	11.17	12.45	2.35	3.41	5.27	6.25	7.31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamat Dep.	8.17	8.53	11.23	12.51	2.41	3.47	5.33	6.31	7.37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	9.02	11.32	12.07	12.48	3.14	5.06	6.44	7.22	7.49	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

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## GENERAL PRIMO DE RIVERA'S SECOND ARTICLE.

WHAT A REALLY SANE GOVERNMENT CAN DO.

A "PRO BONO PUBLICO" POLICY.

REGULATING OVERPRODUCTION IN INDUSTRY.

[EXCLUSIVE TO THE "DAILY PRESS."]

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The most rapid and most conclusive results achieved by the Spanish Directory have been in the field of national economics.

I do not desire, in any boastful sense, to take to myself the credit for these results, thus detracting from the co-operation of my colleagues in the Cabinet, and denying to them their share in the success which we rightfully achieved.

The entire country, by reason of its loyal support, participates in the glory of this accomplishment. It was really a work of co-operation, and one which gave clear evidence, not only of the foresight and ability of the Government, but also, and above all, of the innate virtues of the Spanish people, their intelligence and their industry.

### Purpose of Government.

During the peace, both social and spiritual, which followed the creation of the Directory, the Government was able to put to the test the enormous creative power, and the quick adaptability of the people to the most progressive aspects of modern life.

The purpose of all good government is to place the country and its people in such a position as will enable them to render the best and greatest service, in all departments of the national life; and if this has been the accomplishment of our Government in Spain, it must be understood that such results could never have been achieved by a personal dictatorship, but only by means of a national dictatorship or Directory, for actually under the latter system the nation is progressing and co-operating as a living whole.

It only needed this period of internal peace and confidence in herself for Spain to bring into play the rich resources of her national virtues and to emphasize her potential wealth. Immediately it was felt that a government had appeared which could wield, with safety, the attributes of power—authority, justice and technical ability—a flourishing period ensued, a period which has been signalized by deeds, and proved by statistics.

### Loans and National Savings.

These figures tell us that the increase of the country's prosperity has not been the result of increased taxation, but of greater development of production. When the Government put its credit to the test by issuing loans to be covered by national savings, these loans were invested in public works of the highest national importance, and so beneficial to the national economy that they already bear promise of a rapid and completely successful fulfilment.

In fact, statistics show that with the present surplus on the national budget, our obligations are not only being met, but are being reduced

to such an extent that in a short period they will be completely wiped out; that national industries are being multiplied; that national consumption is being augmented progressively, and that our exports are becoming established. Although in some sections, particularly in the American markets, there has been a certain falling off, this development is not peculiar to Spain alone, but is experienced by other European countries trading in those markets. So rapid has been the increase in our national production that certain tariffs have become unnecessary; and others, imposed under the system of international reciprocity in other times less propitious for us, have been altered.

Such is, then, the position today: that the Spanish Government, without breaking any old agreements, nor upsetting friendly international relations, has been able to establish a policy of tariffs, embodying protection within certain prudent limits, which raises us to the level of other countries, and by which we are left free at any moment to indulge easily in a tariff war according to the economic necessities of the country.

### New Industries Founded.

Several new industries have been founded in Spain by certain enterprising persons, but there had been no prudent watch kept upon the important element of "over-production" in order to prevent ruinous congestion of output, and consequent stagnation of trade. The difficult work of regulating this evil has been completed, in spite of some resistance, by the "Committee for the Regulation of Industry," without the necessity of any appeal to violence, with insuperable probability, and undoubted efficiency.

It only remains for the Government to maintain a vigilant watch over the financial condition of the various industries, and to help them to the greatest possible extent. No government can remain positively independent of its national industries, nor can it afford to disdain the idea of the nationalization of those industries which are of primary interest to the public and which should never be subject to the dictates of private individuals, nor the mandates of foreign control.

Such industries should be nationalized by an arrangement giving the maximum guarantees and without detriment to any right, by means of valuations and expropriations, as is practised in other countries under analogous conditions. This should be done at the proper time and with firmness, so that justice may be served with all kindness and without vituperative bungling. Thus do I wish to see our national industry rehabilitated throughout the Government assisting by the guarantee of credits and means of transport.

### Certificates and Patent Marks.

The first step has been to establish, for all agricultural products, a system of "certificates of pathological fitness," and, for manufactures, a special "patent mark," so that, at any moment, and in any market, an article of Spanish produce or manufacture will be immediately and easily recognized. These evidences of our economic policy, which has been so astutely practised, will be, we hope, received in other countries as proof of the genuineness of our articles of export, as well as an example for procedure generally in international commerce.

In the department of finance, the creation of the Foreign Credit Bank in happy co-operation with the public and private banks, with its special service of information regarding foreign credit, and a subsidiary company operating insurance, is a measure which has not yet been improved upon by any other country.

When you add to these deeds the work done in connection with stabilization of the nation's finances, the fixation of a gold standard in due time, and the reorganization of our maritime services with modern and rapid vessels, you have before you a picture of the accomplishments of the Directory in the department of national economics. In the presence of this panorama, painted from reality, nobody should express surprise when I affirm that the country now enjoys a regime of solidarity and security.

A country so hardworking and so prosperous as Spain is at present, must not lose its faith or its confidence before a wave of malignant rumours which have been fomented abroad by hostile interests; and the great public of other nations who know from their own experience the price and rewards of progress in the life of a people, will do full justice to our work, which is that of the new Spain, and which merits the respect and esteem of all.

Representatives of material interests are disappointed because they cannot further exploit the country, but collaboration and participation will encounter no animosity or difficulty in Spain if their purpose is not obstructive.

May the spirit of justice which characterizes the statesmen of today, and the instinct of peoples which holds before them the luminous image of truth, be the rock upon which will break harmlessly the malevolence of evil doers!

Spain has a right to her personality and her independence in the concert of nations, maintained with respect and love for all humanity.

MICHEL PRIMO DE RIVERA.

## Diary of Coming Events.

### To-day.

(April 19.)

Christian Fellowship meeting, Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.  
Chinese Chamber of Commerce Meeting, 3 p.m.  
H.K. General Chamber of Commerce, general meeting, 4.45 p.m.  
Navy League: Annual meeting J. & M. Board Room, 5.30 p.m.  
Kowloon Chess Club, Prize distribution, 5.30 p.m.  
Royal Artillery Sports, Sookun-poo, 2.30 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "The Rescue."  
World Theatre: "Under the Black Eagle."  
Star Theatre: "Good Morning Judge," 5.30 p.m.  
New English Comedy Co.: "Rockery Nook," Star Theatre, 9.15 p.m.  
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Negapatam (Vogtland).

### Saturday.

(April 20.)

Golf: Bogey Pool, Fanning, Royal H.K. Yacht Club, Croking Cruise and Interport Rowing.  
Royal H.K. Yacht Club Dinner, Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 8 p.m.  
Queen's College Old Boys Association, 8th annual dinner, College Hall, 6 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "The Rescue."  
World Theatre: "Under the Black Eagle."  
Star Theatre: "Good Morning Judge," at 5.30 p.m.  
English Comedy Co.: "Other Men's Wives," Star Theatre, 9.15 p.m.  
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Siberia (President Wilson); Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Karmala), 10.30 a.m.; and (Kitano Maru), 9.30 a.m.; and via Victoria, B.C. (Taithybus), 10 a.m.

Dinner Dances: Lane-Crawford's Restaurant, 8 p.m., Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

### Sunday.

(April 21.)

Third Sunday after Easter.  
Golf: Bogey Pool, Fanning, Fanning Hunt Steeple Chases.  
European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Negapatam, papers only (Ganges Maru).  
Monday.  
(April 22.)  
Sale of Crown Land: New Kowloon Inland Lots Nos. 1217 and 1218, P.W.D. Offices, 3 p.m.  
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Outward: Europe via San Francisco, 5 p.m.; and via Siberia, 6 p.m. (President Madison).

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## PAMELA

### The Garden Party.

"Plays" says VOGUE "sometimes run for years in the same setting, but woman has to 'produce' herself afresh every season in a new comedy of clothes."

Although the well-dressed woman buys nothing without plan, yet she gives special care to her clothes for a special occasion—a garden party, a wedding, or a ball—

There are some exquisite afternoon frocks of flowered ninon in our salons which have been specially created for Garden Party wear.

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IN STRAW

have just arrived and are  
being displayed.

in

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# WOMAN'S PAGE.

IMPORTANT DETAILS IN THE NEW MODE.

GARDEN PARTY FROCKS FROM LOCAL SHOPS.

BROKEN SURFACES, CUT, AND RUFFLES.

That our frocks are to be longer, our skirts fuller, and our waistlines higher, are cardinal points of the new mode. The first survey of oncoming fashions establishes this fact.

But at a second glance round the ranks of new models, a new fact emerges—that details count as much as silhouette this season. The new mode is a complicated matter, and the detail of cut and make is an inextricable part of the general line and effect.

In spite of the frequent complication of broken surfaces and almost inevitably intricate cut, all new dresses are determinedly definite on one point: they all emphasize the body line, either by outlining the curve of the hips, by moulding the lower hips, or by silhouetting the upper thighs.

### Ruffles and Flounces.

Ruffles and flounces are used everywhere for both plain and printed dresses. Sometimes they are flat and like the usual tiered skirt, or flaring like the pine-coned silhouette of the last year. There are diagonal and spiral flounces again and some that end in cascades or drapery. Flounces are mounted in points and used for skirt jabots. The newest flaily pleated flounces stop at the sides, the back tier not being at the same height as the front one. Frequently the flounces of printed dresses have plain borders or have bands of the finest pleating at the edge. Edges are very insistent this year. There are double edges, too, like the under edge of white pique or linen or foulard, with a black or navy blue dress. You can see why details count as much as silhouettes this season.

### IN LANE, CRAWFORD'S.

An exquisite collection of frocks of lace and printed ninon, for garden party or other smart afternoon wear is now on view in Lane, Crawford's. Many of these dresses show the lovely rhythmic movement flowing out at the back, which has been introduced by Cheruit, and you will find that nearly every one shows ruffles in one form or another. A very graceful gown of stone beige lace which is worn over a shell pink slip, has a double tiered skirt which flows out behind, and a *ceinture* of stitched georgette in warm pink beige with a *discret* buckle. Like nearly all the models in this collection the dress is cut with no sleeves. Trailing back panels, cut like those of a narrow tail coat, and edged with plissé ruffles, distinguish a dress of black ninon printed with apricot coloured flowers and worn over an apricot slip. The bodice is cut with a little coat also edged with plissé frills.

Another charming and unusual dress is evolved from beige and white patterned lace worn over pale beige, which shows the same double tiered skirt and longer back. Green and pink flowered ninon emphasises the new importance of the basque and also has an interesting rhythmic backward movement.

Lido blue georgette—unpatterned—is used for an interesting model which demonstrates the tendency towards a higher waistline. A short cape is worn coming right round the shoulders, it is caught up in the middle at the back to fall in two graceful points over the shoulder blades, and in front is cut like a very big collar. The front panel of the skirt is made of flat tiers with the interest concentrated on the bound edges of each. Over this is worn what really approximates to the over dress of Queen Anne's day, only instead of being puffed and stiffened, it flows down gracefully and naturally to the heels at the back.

### Intricate Cut.

Besides the effect of broken surface there is infinite complication of cut. Every type of dress is more intricate than it seems, or just as intricate as it looks. Even dark plain fabric dresses, on close inspection, are seen to be full of cut and detail.

### CUSHIONS.

There is a truly tempting array of cushions now to be found at WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S. Cushions round, square, oval and oblong in every sort of colour and combination of colours. Very decorative are long oval cushions, which are made in "lunette shape" with a rising curve at the top, and are intended to be placed on a soft. Besides being decorative, they are practical, for they are just big enough to fill that rather empty spot in the hollow of your back without pushing you, too far forward on the seat.

### OCEAN TRUNKS.

A very inexpensive and soundly made line of cabin trunks is now on show in WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S. They are made of fibre covered with brown or green canvas, with protective bands of wood and two good English locks. The cost is only \$15.50.

### CHEZ PAMELA.

A graceful ninon dress from Pamela has a design of deep red chrysanthemums printed on a blue ground, and is worn over a fitted slip of dark navy ninon. The skirt has very cleverly draped tiers which make a diagonal line, and a large soft bow of the material on the left shoulder. Bows need almost a chapter to themselves in any survey of the forthcoming mode. They are such charming and personal things and it really might be



Gown of crêpe de chine figured in navy blue and white, Marie-Antoinette fichu.



Skirts fall close to the figure. Moulded hip lines and long wide-cuffed sleeves are in vogue.

### FOR THE BEACH.

I wonder how many careful housewives have sighed when the basket was unpacked after a bathing trip to see the white Turkish towels stained with red, green and blue from the bathing gowns which have been rolled up in them, and grey with sand. She knows, perhaps, that they will come back from the wash tub white again, but, if she has been any time in the East, she will vision the cruel treatment to which they will be subjected by the wash amah before that result is obtained.

Now WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S are offering a solution of the difficulty, in the form of coloured bath towels in most attractive colourings for only \$1.75 each. They are made of a soft thick Turkish towelling which quickly absorbs the moisture, and you can get one to match your bathing dress.

If you have a small person in the family who fights against bed time, the sudden appearance of one of these pretty towels will be a strong inducement to run along quickly and have the evening tub. I was also shown some lovely towels for the spare room made of a very deep pile Turkish towelling, with an embossed pattern of roses and a wide coloured border. They are very handsome and should keep their good looks for a long time.

said of any dressmaker that "by their bows you shall know them." Flat bows at the back of the neck of dresses appear repeatedly, while soft bows are used everywhere at the wrists, hips and shoulder.

Another lovely gown of printed ninon is made on a black foundation. The ninon, also black, is printed in a green, beige, and pink flower pattern. Flattering panels, inset with a rounded edge, give a graceful line to the skirt, and the sleeves are distinguished by a new and most attractive "handkerchief" cuff frill.

### AU PETIT LOUVRE.

There are some exquisite garden party frocks to be found at Petit Louvre of ninon, lace and georgette, and they have, too, some very graceful wide trimmed hats designed to accompany them.

### FOR THE NURSERY.

There are some well made baby high chairs now to be found in WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S for only \$12.50. They are made of dark polished wood, and are designed to give the correct support to the small occupier. They can also be used as nursery play chairs, and in this position the bottom forms a cupacious table, and the chair runs on small wheels.

### SMART HATS.

To accompany their collection of smart afternoon frocks LANE, CRAWFORD'S have just received a shipment of particularly chic hats. Many of them are small shapes in fine black or paillasson, but there are also a number of banket straws with wide gracefully sweeping brims, mostly, I think, in black or the ever fashionable beige shades.



Twice the man  
he was —  
thanks to

# BOVRIL.

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For Beauty.

We are working for beauty, let us help you to find true loveliness by caring scientifically for your Complexion, your Hair and your Hands.

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### FOR SUMMER DAYS.

ATTRACTIVE FROCKS IN  
SILK AND COTTON.

There are some very attractive frocks for summer days now to be found in the Dolly Vardon Hat Shop. Among them are two, of printed foulards, which demonstrate the charm of the new graded polka dot. One is in bright navy, the other in sage blue, both with white spots. They are cut of graceful semi-tailored lines, without sleeves, and are finished with jabots.

Very smart is a jumper suit, with long sleeves, of a beautiful deep peacock blue. The skirt is flared and the jumper has an interesting feature in its double jabot both at the back and the front, and cleverly cut shoulder yoke. Another sleeved jumper suit is made of white silk with collar and cuffs of pale lemon, while a third in grey green, spun silk is given chic by means of white collar and cuffs and a white kid belt.

A cool looking tennis frock is made of white silk trimmed with (Continued at foot of next column).

### FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

In LANE, CRAWFORD'S Children's Department this week I was shown some charming little white cotton socks with fancy coloured tops, and also sets, for the small son, of matching belt and tie. For the little boy who has outgrown sailor suits a simple white blouse shirt and brief knickers are made to look both more manly and attractive by a tie and belt in some nice combination of colours.

bands of apple green round the hips and having the neck and armholes bound with the same.

The stock of cotton dresses was, when I was in on Wednesday, getting rather low, though there were still some very decorative little dresses of printed broadcloth and others cut on semi-tailored lines of striped gingham. Another big shipment, which will include very smart models in voile and organdie, is expected at the end of this week.



# WOMAN'S PAGE.

## SPRING CLEANING CHART.

Ammonia added to rinsing water restores colours to cretonnes, curtains and quilts. Removes red ink, fruit and grass stains from white articles, while, mixed with powdered pumice, it will remove obstinate rust and smoke marks from hearth tiles.

Olive Oil restores the polish to tables that have been marked by hot dishes if the marks are first painted with spirit of nitre. Boiled linseed oil renovates leathers and also brightens paints and varnish.

Borax removes tea stains, cleans copper, enamel ware, varnish, paint, windows and straw hats. Boiled up inside rusty vessels it dispels the rust.

## VITAMIN 'D' IN THE 'ALLENBURYS' FOODS

### Baby's Future lies in Your hands

HOW do you know that baby is having the kind of food which will build a strong, sure foundation of health?

HOW can you be sure that adequate nourishment is provided for normal bone-development and active teeth?

ONLY by insisting that his diet shall contain Vitamin 'D' in such quantity as will meet with normal growing requirements.

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- 1 GIBBS DENTIFRICE PRESERVES TEETH the best way—by thorough cleansing.
- 2 GIBBS DENTIFRICE MEETS THE MODERN demand for concentrated usefulness. It does the work of both powder and paste without the messiness or wastefulness of either.
- 3 MEDICAL AND DENTAL SCIENCE approve the Gibbs Dentifrice formula because it contains everything necessary to keep teeth really clean, and nothing that could harm the delicate tissues of the mouth or the fine enamel.
- 4 POLISHING WITHOUT SLIGHTEST scratch or wear (calcium carbonate—chalk—is the polishing agent). Gibbs Dentifrice is safe—even at the danger line where teeth meet gums and the enamel is thinnest.
- 5 GIBBS DENTIFRICE IS ECONOMICAL in price and long-lasting too. It gives several times the use of ordinary tooth-pastes or powders.
- 6 THE FRAGRANT FOAM of Gibbs Dentifrice washes all decay-causing deposits—on, between and behind the teeth—cleanly away.
- 7 BY TONING UP AND REFRESHING the mouth, making the gums firm and rosy, as well as cleaning thoroughly the teeth, Gibbs Dentifrice imparts a delightfully exhilarating sense of well-being.
- 8 THE CLEAN TASTE and delicious fragrance of Gibbs Dentifrice make it the favourite of young and old.
- 9 SOUND TEETH, GLISTENING, PEARL-LIKE, are the proud possession of those who use Gibbs Dentifrice thrice a day. Gibbs Dentifrice brings out the natural pearly brilliance of the teeth without slightest risk of injury.
- 10 SAFE FOR BABY, SURE FOR FATHER, Gibbs Dentifrice is the best of all for all ages—the ideal family dentifrice.

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defend them  
with—

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CHIC ABOVE THE DINNER TABLE.

The dress matters everything to a woman. No, not everything. When a woman is seated at the dinner-table, she realises how many ingredients beauty must have, like a rich Christmas pudding. The basis is the look of health, the spicing her cosmetics, the ornamentation both of coiffure and jewels. No woman is vain enough now to avoid her mirror. She faces her mirror seriously and frankly several times a day, asking herself in her hair, her skin, her ornaments are right with her gown. When she is dressed for dinner she must ask if they are right with each other independently of the gown, of which but very little will be seen for the next hour or two.

A good coiffeur, one who will mould the hair to its most becoming shape, and will decide with the head's owner whether curls, flatness, or a light water-wave suits it best, is entirely essential. The other essential is a true beauty specialist, one who studies skins individually, who knows how health can be helped by creams and lotions, and who knows what cosmetics to use. Every chic woman uses some cosmetics now to give spice and mystery to life. But which ones? What tints? The manicure is as important as any of these things. Well-creased fingers are not the finish, but the beginning of a good appearance.

Nearly every woman now-a-days is something of a beauty specialist. We all have our little fads and our favourite preparations, because we are all—as we should be—interested in looking as lovely as we can. But it is not wise to accept all the little hints which you get from friends and from advertisements. Skins are as different as characters, indeed although it sounds terribly prosy to say so, character has, I am sure, a good deal to do with the complexion and with wrinkles. There is a very wide difference between the wrinkles produced by fretfulness and self-indulgence and the little lines of wisdom, experience and courage which give character. It seems a pity that these

should be sacrificed on the ironing board of fashion for they give life and interest to a face. The most lovely women are not those with lineless pink and white baby faces, but those with clear healthy skins, and eyes and mouths which are witnesses to their courage and intelligence, even though they may be marked with fine lines.

A healthy skin is the first and great essential to beauty and because a healthy skin means a healthy body it must be exposed to all the little irritations of an outdoor life—sun, dust, rain and cold.

A healthy skin must be a clean skin, and for that reason needs, under the conditions of modern civilization, very special cleansing. Soap and water—especially hard company's water—will not do all that is necessary. Specially prepared creams, which melt into the pores of the skin, are needed to extract the deep set dust, and even these are not enough—especially if you use, as every woman does in these days—any cosmetics, a regular cleansing undertaken by an expert, is absolutely necessary to the preservation of a clear healthy complexion.

That cleansing takes the form of a face massage. Opening the pores by means of steaming, cleansing them by patient and gentle manipulation of a special cream, and finally toning and bracing up the relaxed surface again by massage and the application of an astringent.

For an expert and exceeding restful face massage I can heartily recommend the Dorelle Beauty Shoppe in Ice House Street. The masseuse will also give you advice as to the preparations best suited to your particular skin to use for your home treatments. But you must pay a regular visit to the same beauty shop if they are to make a real study of your complexion and give you correct advice, for as I said at the beginning of this article, skins vary enormously, and it by no means follows that what suits one will be best for another.

## PARIS FAVOURS DOTS AND CHECKS.

### SOME NEW SILKS FROM THE PIONEER.

The latest model frocks from Paris and those illustrated in the best magazines devoted to dress, show clearly that polka-dots are still with us in spite of their success of last year. They are appearing again in large, small and middle-sized versions. They pop out for sports and in the afternoon, when are they little or medium, and in the evening when they are large. Paris considers polka dots as a staple classic. Checks have replaced them with a vengeance as a novelty. Tiny and medium and out-and-out plaids. These silk plaids are straight, diagonal, some are fanciful, others are downright Scotch. Plaids are generally combined with a plain fabric.

As far as printed fabrics go, despite the great variety already seen, there are many lovely fabrics still on the shelves which smart women are going to call into being. Black grounds are everywhere, with small flower and abstract designs. The dark but far from sombre quality of these fabrics is very smart. There are many leaf patterns, from the tiniest to very tropical proportions. Some of these are, of course, closely spaced, others are overlapping, and others quite wide apart. The horizontal feeling even gets into print, as you find patterns that have a striped effect through the colour being varied in bands.

If you examine the new silks now to be found in the Pioneer Silk Store you will see charming examples of all the printed effects mentioned above. I was looking the other day at a pile of printed ninnies which ran through a wide colour range, nearly all of them having either small flower patterns or abstract designs adorning the polka dot or check. They offer besides an admirable demonstration of the charm of the new fashion for prints on a dark ground. The infinite variety which can be played on the theme of the polka dot is, perhaps, even better illustrated in a pile of printed crêpe de chine and georgette. There are spots of a uniform size in two colour effects, white on blue or (Continued at foot of next column).



Hat of natural coloured parasol straw, trimmed with blond hair.

Women are to be tempted to change the colour of their hair according to their hats. A Paris milliner who is just showing her new collection presents a number of hats cut high at the nape of the neck, but with a thick fringe of curls sewn along the neck line.

No hair at all is allowed to show in front; the natural hair is all tucked away so that curls of any colours best suited to tone with the ensemble worn can be chosen for the hat. A dark woman may wear red curls with her hat, and so change her appearance.

black on red, for example; others with little groups of dots of various sizes when, perhaps, a third colour is introduced; and yet others with graded dots more heavily massed at the border. There is some interesting new check silk with a three tone effect as blue and two greys or pink, beige and blue, in soft tones which would make up exceedingly well for wash dresses of the semi-tailored type. Tobralco silk in 30 plain shades has also arrived this week.

## "MADAME—YOUR HAT."

### WHAT DOLLY VARDON IS SHEWING.

#### NOTES FROM PARIS.

The collection of smart afternoon hats specially ordered by the Dolly Vardon Hat Shop for the Garden Party to be given in honour of Prince Henry next Friday, are being shown to-day. As they have only just arrived I am not able to give you anything but a general impression. They are mostly of that fine crin straw which takes such lovely lines and frames the face softly. Some are trimmed with large flowers, orchids, and roses which lie gracefully on the brim, others have a draping of georgette or ribbon. As these hats have been eagerly awaited it would be advisable to make your choice to-day or to-morrow before they are all sold.



Small hat of navy blue bengale straw and felt, trimmed with small ornaments made of navy blue gros grain ribbon and red and blue buttons.

#### Some Notes From Paris.

Some more notes on the hats which are now being shown at the important Paris houses for the summer season may be of interest.

Jean Patou is sponsoring a capeline of black bankok with a wide drooping brim, on the underside of which, against the right ear, is set a big soft bow of taffetas ribbon, striped on beige, pink, and blue.

Germaine is particularly stressing small toques of shaded velvet flower heads around which a band of gros grain ribbon runs like a Russian crown.

Leon is doing charming things with that very light hair straw which is worked in circles on a sort of stiffened canvas. One such model, with a scalloped brim following the line of the straw, is trimmed with a narrow black satin ribbon, which crosses the crown high in the front and is tied, on the brim behind the right ear, in a many ended bow.

Several delightful models in this type of straw were included in the last shipment of hats to be received by the Dolly Vardon Hat Shop and were very quickly sold, on account of their feather weight and their chic aspect.

Germaine's flower head toques made their appearance some time ago in the Dolly Vardon and were instantly popular.

#### Lacquer Beds.

There are some very attractive hats in the fashionable lacquer red shade now to be found in this shop. Many of them are made of the new straw silk which Suzanne Berger uses so effectively for draped toques, others are of shiny paillasson or fine tanga. A scarlet hat has a peculiar charm of its own, and it is truly amazing with what a number of different costumes it can be worn. Scarlet is always effective in the summer, and also extremely sensible, as it offers the best protection from sun stroke.

Soda Water has many uses. When very strong it tightens up limp cane on chairs. Mixed with coal dust it removes stains from the insides of cruet bottles, decanters and flower vases.

## ARE BUSINESS GIRLS ASHAMED OF MARRIAGE.

### THE HOME GIRL IS OFTEN BETTER OFF.

#### THE EMPLOYER'S POINT OF VIEW.

"So we told the girls," he said—this personnel director of a large business organisation—"that we wanted to know who was married and who was single. We told them that it would not prejudice us against them one way or the other; but that we wanted to know the truth. And the number of married women on the pay-roll jumped from ten to fifty."

"Why had they been keeping it a secret?" I asked.

"I don't know," he said; "that's what I would like to ask you."

Why indeed? Why do married women in business so frequently "pass" for single? I asked numerous people—married women, single women, heads of employment agencies, personnel directors, employers—and received numerous answers, largely contradictory.

#### Deceive Them!

"Employers are prejudiced against married women," young matrons in business have told me over and over again.

"We have no objection to married women," employers declared benignly—the truth lying, of course, somewhere midway between. Some employers are decidedly opposed to married women, and some decidedly approve of them, and a good many more are so vague upon the subject that all they can say when questioned is that they "have no policy—merely meet each situation as it arises."

Yet they all agreed, heads of banks and trust companies and department stores and manufacturing plants, that married women had tried to deceive them—tried to pass for single when they were not. Some of these employers smiled about it and some were puzzled and some were hurt. Most of them, to tell the truth, felt injured.

#### Their Secret.

Many women cannot keep their secret successfully—it creeps out. Banks and other financial houses delve so deeply into the private lives of their employees that it is a crafty woman who can keep her wedding ring a secret. When certain steps are taken matrimony will out—usually to the grief of the culprit, for at least two big organisations in the metropolis immediately discharge all women who have misrepresented their marital status, not because they object to their marriage, but because they cannot forgive the deception.

In the multitude of smaller organisations, however, which are not concerned with the private lives of their employees, the girls can represent themselves as they like, without fear of discovery, unless by a slip of ill luck or stupidity. So, in spite of the hazards involved, or possibly in ignorance of them, this business of deceiving the employer continues. Why? For many reasons. First of all, it is instinctive in a woman to "aim to please"—particularly a prospective employer—and when so vital a thing as a livelihood is in the balance.

Cold potatoes can be fried up with bacon or chops and steaks. Make them into croquettes, scones, salad.

A young job-seeker said to me ruefully the other day, "When he asked whether I was married or single I supposed, of course, that he preferred me to be single, so I said, 'Single,' and then he said, 'Oh, I'd rather you were married,' but of course it was too late to tell him the truth."

Married women in business are perhaps no longer on trial, precisely, but they are far in the minority still—relatively rare and, therefore, relatively conspicuous. An employer may approve of married women, entirely, but ordinary human curiosity and rudimentary business efficiency prompt him to observe whether they arrive as promptly in the mornings as the single girls, do as well and maintain as high an average of attendance. Nobody stops to wonder why a single girl has a job, but married women in business are still abnormal enough to cause speculation.

If a married woman works because she has to, this is a reflection upon her husband. If she works because she wants to, then she is a fair target for criticism. There are always those who covet her place, sure that they or their friends need it far more than she.

Which leads to another irritation which married women suffer. Is it possible that there is a slightly strained feeling between the unmarried and the married women who work together? Some people say that there is. The theory is, according to the single girl, that a married woman's pay is just so much velvet—so much surplus with which she can buy a new fur coat every other year, hire a maid to do her housework, and, in general, enjoy luxury all through the year, while the poor, single girl struggles and scrims and labours to pay her room and board and support herself all unaided.

Married women, naturally, protest that this is not true. Very often, they say, the single girl, living at home with room and board provided by her parents, spends all the money she makes upon herself, while the married woman, responsible for lives beside her own, spends her money on others.

Cases to the contrary notwithstanding, until a married woman proves that she is working because circumstances have made it necessary, she runs the risk of being thought a selfish, grasping creature who, not content with the blessings which heaven has yielded her, must go forth and earn bread, which rightly belongs to others less lucky.

"It all sits down to this," said one woman out of a somewhat bitter experience. "The unmarried girls think, 'Look here, this girl has something we haven't got—something we all want—a husband. She has him and we have nobody. Well, then, let him look out for her and we'll look out for ourselves.' Whereupon they array themselves, if not against her, at least hardly in harmony with her."

Stale cheese makes good savouries, omelets, fritters, or can be toasted.

## DRESS LENGTHS.

PAMELA has just received from Paris a collection of dress lengths in printed French voile and art silk. No two are alike, although in some cases the same pattern occurs in a different colour scheme. Most of them are the fashionable small designs, but polka dots, which still claim an important place in the mode, and bordered fabrics are also to be found. A certain number of these dress lengths will be made up by Madame Louise for special customers, but the rest are for sale in their present state.

## FLOWERS.

WHITETAW, LAIDLAW have just had several big boxes of sample flowers sent out from Home. As they are samples they are offered at very low prices from 75 cents to \$2.50 and no two are alike. There are among them fresh and pretty little bunches of primroses, buttonholes of gay field flowers, roses, carnations, and camellias. Also big tulle flowers for evening wear tipped with silver. Hat ribbons of gros grain with small bunches of flowers attached, will be useful to the woman who is clever with her fingers and can retrim a hat—and she will also be pleased to find that she can buy, for 50 cents a dozen, those little velvet flower heads which are so fashionable in the millinery trimming this season.

## BOX SPRING MATTRESSES.

There is no mattress which will give quite the same degree of comfort as a box spring—anyone who has slept in good Continental hotels knows the truth of that—and I was interested to learn that WHITETAW, LAIDLAW are now building them. I was given an opportunity of seeing one in the making and satisfied myself that the frame work showed good honest craftsmanship, and the stuffing was the best sterilized English horsehair.

Cold Tea renews mahogany and walnut woods. Cleans varnished paper on walls, cleans oil cloth, paint and window sashes. Mixed with tea leaves and poured into stained water carafes it quickly removes all traces of brown.

Lemons, freshly cut, quickly eradicate pencil marks from paint if followed up by a rub with whitening. Lemon juice also removes rust marks from marble and iron mould from linen. In the latter case the patch should be held over boiling steam.

Milk cleans white enamel, amber, plaster casts and statuettes, kid gloves. Linen that has lost its original whiteness will greatly improve by being boiled in sour milk and pure soap, while mildew stains disappear with this treatment.



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**SUMMONS AGAINST MR. W. A. DONALDSON.**

TROUBLE IN LOCAL NEWSPAPER OFFICE.

**"ROY'S" ALLEGATION OF ASSAULT EMPHATICALLY DENIED.**

A summons for assault against Mr. W. A. Donaldson was heard by Major C. Willson at the Central Magistracy yesterday, the complainant in the case being an office boy in the *China Mail*.

Mr. Leo d'Almada e Castro appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Donaldson conducted his own case.

Addressing the Magistrate at the outset of the case, Mr. d'Almada said: "In more senses than one it is regrettable that this case should have come up for hearing at all because of the difference existing between the two parties, both of whom are employed in the editorial office of the *China Mail*. There is a large difference between their respective positions, the complainant being an office boy and the defendant is the sub-editor, as far as I understand."

Mr. d'Almada after describing the duties of the complainant said that the alleged assault took place on Saturday, April 6. In addition to taking orders from Mr. Donaldson, it would appear that the office boy had to clear up the desk of other members of the staff and to attend, in particular, to a hand lift, which was used to convey "copy" between the different floors in the office.

On April 6, in the afternoon, said Mr. d'Almada, defendant was performing his duties on the third floor near the desk of Mr. Wai Po Cheung, when he was forbidden by Mr. Donaldson to stand near the desk in question. The boy was sharpening some pencils and generally cleaning up as it was Saturday afternoon. He was told by Mr. Donaldson to return to his own table and the defendant also said that he did not want the boy to clean up Mr. Wai's desk.

Continuing Mr. d'Almada said that after giving this order the defendant proceeded to seize the boy by the scruff of the neck and force him down in his own chair in another part of the office. The boy struggled to get free and in the course of the struggle Mr. Donaldson struck the complainant on the mouth.

The boy ran out of the office and went to Mr. Wai Po Cheung's house. Later he approached the police, who advised him to take out a summons.

Mak Hung, the complainant in the case, then gave evidence.

**Complainant Cross-examined.**

Asked if he desired to cross-examine the defendant Mr. Donaldson said: Before cross-examining this young man, I should like to state that I am representing myself. I think, your Worship, if you hear the real facts of the case you will take a very different view of the matter. In the first place I shall ask him (meaning witness), if he understands that in a British Court of Law and before a British Magistrate, it is a very serious matter to tell lies!

His Worship: He understands that, I think. He has been sworn. Mr. Donaldson then asked witness if he had been reprimanded before for neglect of duty. Witness replied that he had been reprimanded by the defendant.

Mr. Donaldson (to the interpreter): Will you ask him if it is a fact that on several occasions I have said to him jokingly: "I think you are so lazy that I suggest you should bring your bed to the office and take a nap at half past eight and again jump into bed at 12.30." In my twenty-nine years in China, I have never seen a man so lazy.

Defendant: May I ask if witness has had any lessons in English boxing?

Witness: No. How was it that on being told to leave the office you had the temerity and the audacity to turn on the only European in the building and therefore the representative of your employer, and your "boss," for the time.

(To the Interpreter): Ask him how he had the temerity to strike me?

Major Willson: Shorten your questions. (To witness): Have you ever thrown yourself in a fighting attitude?

Witness: No. Defendant: Were you told to keep to your table on the afternoon of April 6?—No.

Defendant explained that the boy had a habit of absenting himself for ten minutes, or half an hour without permission. Defendant replied that he had to leave to fetch telegrams and letters.

Defendant: Perhaps I should explain that it is not his duty to do anything of the kind. I saw him moving out on that afternoon and I told him as I had done on many former occasions.

His Worship: Don't go on to make a speech.

Defendant: I don't intend to. I want to make it quite clear that I saw him at Mr. Wai's desk and instead of cleaning the desk I saw him take up a quantity of paper

His Worship: There you go making another speech.

Defendant: — and he banged it on the desk and I told him I won't have any noise.

His Worship (to witness): Did you make any unnecessary noise?

Witness: I might have made a noise, but not a big or unnecessary noise.

Defendant: Did you neglect to clear my trays?—No.

Answering the Bench, witness said he always obeyed orders.

Defendant: I told the witness that I should tell the foreman to get another boy, to which he (witness) responded by pushing me over to my desk. Witness denied this.

Defendant: Ask the witness if there is anything wrong with his memory?

Witness: My memory is quite alright.

Will you ask him if I got a blow on the shoulder and on the chest?

Witness: You seized my neck and in struggling to get free I might have elbowed you.

Defendant: Who inspired you to mention this matter to the police?

Mr. d'Almada: I object. The man is entitled to do what he likes. There is no question of inspiration at all.

Disagreement With Mr. J. T. Dobbie.

Mr. J. T. Dobbie was the next witness called for the prosecution.

He said he was senior sub-editor of the *China Mail* and had acted in that capacity for some time past. Mr. Donaldson was a sub-editor.

Witness knew the complainant who was office boy to the whole editorial staff. Witness considered his services satisfactory.

Mr. d'Almada: Did you on the 9th March have a disagreement with Mr. Donaldson?—Witness agreed that that was so.

Mr. Donaldson (cross-examining): On the day in question I had occasion to mention to you in the editorial room that I was very much surprised and disappointed that you should make what you called a necessary report, to Mr. Burnett, the proprietor of the paper?—Yes. You were mentally amok on that day.

Boy's Complaint of Assault.

Mr. Wai Po Cheung was the next witness called. He said he was special correspondent to the *China Mail* and *Sunday Herald* and had been sub-editor of the *China Mail* for a few years. He knew the complainant and it was his opinion that complainant had been irritating at times.

On Saturday, April 6, the complainant went to his house and complained of an assault by Mr. Donaldson. Witness told complainant to wait till the following Monday and report to the manager.

Witness said that blood was trickling from the man's mouth.

Defendant: Did you witness this alleged assault?—No.

You say that blood was trickling from the boy's mouth?—Yes.

Can you as an intelligent man understand how it was that when he left me there was no blood at all?

His Worship: I don't see how he can.

Defendant: Did you suggest putting the matter in the hands of the police?—I told him that it would be advisable to report to the police.

Is it not the case that you are paying his expenses so far as his lawyer is concerned?

Mr. d'Almada: I object.

**THE DEFENCE.**

Defendant Not of An Aggressive Temperament.

This closed the evidence for the prosecution when Mr. Donaldson called Mr. G. Hewitt to give evidence for the defence. Mr. Hewitt said he was an architect and that he had known the defendant since 1912. In his opinion, Mr. Donaldson was not the type of man who would strike an office boy nor was he of an aggressive temperament.

Mr. d'Almada indicated that as evidence of character had been called, he was entitled to recall Mr. Dobbie to rebut this evidence.

The next witness called was Mr. Harry Cooper. Until recently, Mr. Cooper said, he had been the editor of the *China Mail*. He knew both parties in the case, and he thought the complainant was a "lazy, inefficient and irritating boy."

Mr. d'Almada in cross-examination asked Mr. Cooper if he would not, in a case of insubordination or laziness, consider the proper course was to report the boy to the manager. Mr. Cooper agreed.

Defendant's Evidence.

Mr. Donaldson then went into the witness box. He said his full name was William Andrew Alister Donaldson.

Relating his version of the incident, Mr. Donaldson said that on the afternoon in question he was the only European on the premises.

(Continued on next Column).

**SOLDIERS SENT TO PRISON.****SEVERE CENSURE FROM THE BENCH.****JADE STOLEN FROM SHOP.**

"I can only suppose your game is that you want to get out of the Service. You will have to pay for it! You have not only let down the Regiment, but you have let down the white men in this Colony. You will both go to prison for three months."

Mr. E. W. Hamilton made these remarks at the Central Magistracy, when two soldiers from the Somerset Light Infantry, Private William Hayne and Private William MacDonald, were charged before him with breaking and entering No. 48, Queen's Road Central, on Wednesday night and stealing a box containing two pieces of jade and one string of jade beads, valued altogether at \$320.

Both men pleaded guilty when charged and both indicated that they had no intention of saying anything before they were sentenced. Evidence of character was supplied by a subaltern of the Regiment who sat with his Worship.

The Police officer prosecuting, indicated at the end of the case that the question of compensation had not been dealt with. He said that the defendants had broken a window, the damage to which amounted to \$30.

His Worship: I will mention it to the regiment and see if they care to do anything about it. I can't do anything officially myself.

**F.M.S. POLICE OFFICER MISSING.**

**FORMERLY HONG KONG MAN.**

Kuala Lumpur, April 10.—The acting Commissioner of Police, F.M.S., received a wireless message from the master of the P. & O. steamer Khyber reading:—"R. J. Farquharson, Railway Police, disappeared during night. Please communicate next of kin."

Mr. Farquharson was proceeding on eight months' leave and was travelling by the Khyber.

Mr. Farquharson, whose age was 43, was in the Dumfriesshire Constabulary until he came out East to join the Hong Kong Police in April, 1907. On April 12, 1910, he joined the F.M.S. Police Force as an Inspector. In 1925 he was gazetted Chief Inspector, F.M.S., and was O.C.P.D., Kuala Lumpur. In 1928 he was promoted Assistant Commissioner of Police and was in charge of the Railway Police when he went on leave recently.

Mr. Farquharson was a keen police officer and popular in the Force. Before he sailed by the Khyber on March 29 he was entertained by the Railway Police subordinate staff. He seemed in good spirits on that occasion, and said he would be returning to Malaya at the end of his leave.

He observed that while the complainant was at Mr. Wai's desk he was making a considerable noise with a bundle of paper. He told the boy to "stop it" but the latter went to another part of the room and threw a chair noisily under a desk. Witness then told the complainant to stay in his proper place.

Mr. Donaldson said that the boy did not attend to the manuscripts on his tray and the lift came up once or twice, but was not attended to. Witness got annoyed and threatened to get another boy and to report the complainant to the foreman and later to the manager. At this the complainant turned round and pushed witness. Witness said that a good bit of "pushing and shoving" followed but he regarded it as nothing serious. They got to the door and to witness surprise, the boy turned round and struck him. "I was very much astonished and put myself on guard" said the witness. Notwithstanding, witness said, he received another blow on the chest from the complainant and he retaliated and struck the complainant. After that more blows were exchanged.

The complainant seemed disposed to continue the fight, but witness told him to go away, adding that he was twenty-five years his senior and did not want any more to do with him. A few minutes later the foreman arrived and witness told the latter that the boy had been lazy, insubordinate and impudent. He then related the occurrence to the foreman.

About an hour after the incident, the complainant returned and entering the room shouted at the witness saying: "You fool man." Witness ordered the complainant to be taken away, but the latter swung a blow at him. He refrained from striking the complainant again.

Three quarters of an hour later, the complainant again came in and seemed perfectly normal. The case was adjourned until Saturday at 11.30 a.m.

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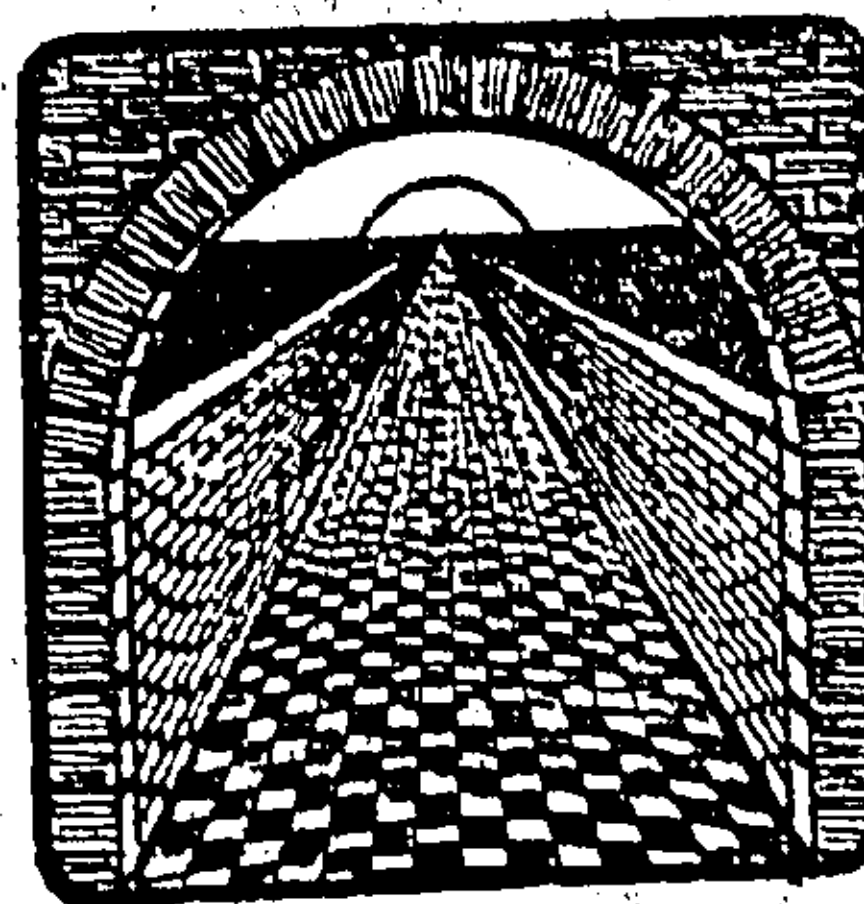
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**Hong Kong Weekly Press****TO-DAY'S ISSUE****CANTON'S STRUGGLE FOR PEACE.****SOUTH CHINA DROUGHT****FAMINE IN KWANGTUNG.****CLOSE OF SPORTS SEASON.****36 Pages—Price 30 Cents.****The Paper with the Familiar Yellow Cover.****(On Sale by all Regular News Boys)**

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## NO WAR!

CANTON'S REITERATED WISH.  
CELEBRATION AT NANKING'S REQUEST.

A message from Canton received by the *Wah Tai Pao* states that the Canton authorities have not yet definitely decided whether Kwangtung is to remain neutral or to take the offensive against Kwangsi. Since the receipt of an order from Nanking to attack Kwangsi, military conferences have been held one after another to discuss the matter. Some of the military leaders have advocated attacking Kwangsi but the majority favoured neutrality in view of the economic situation in Kwangtung.

The Provincial and City Kuomintang circles also held a conference at which the majority insisted on peace and neutrality. It is still difficult to predict whether Kwangtung will be involved in the warfare.

## AN ANNIVERSARY.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, April 18.

In compliance with orders from the Central Government, Canton is to-day celebrating the second anniversary of the removal of the Capital to Nanking. Government buildings, street and many shops are all decorated in the usual way, and, in the afternoon a big meeting was suitably held under the auspices of the Provincial and Municipal branches of the Kuomintang.

## THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE.

Mr. Fung Cho Man, the Canton Commissioner of Finance, is being urged by General Chen Tai Tong and other notables to withdraw his resignation. But whether or no he will acquiesce remains very doubtful. He was one of Marshal Li Tsai Hsin's right hand men, and tendered his resignation as soon as he heard of his chief's detention by Chiang Kai Shek.

He has certainly shown no inclination to stay on and has not been to his office for several days. There is a rumour that Chan Min Chiu, who was finance commissioner under the Chang Fat Fui regime is to become Mr. Fung's successor.

## THE CHUNG SHAN RETURNS TO CANTON.

The gunboat Chung Shan which has been under repair at the Hong Kong and Whampoa Dockyard, returned to Canton yesterday, leaving Hong Kong at 8 a.m. and arriving home at 2 p.m. The repairs cost over \$20,000, and she is now able to attain a speed of over 13 knots. The Chung Shan is the best warship of the Canton fleet and has taken part in every war in which the Canton Government has been engaged. She is now anchored off the East Bund.

## CENTRAL BANK NOTES.

## CANTON BEGGAR'S SCHOOL TO HAVE FINES.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, April 13.

Since the Government deflation policy was put into effect, some \$4,400,000 in banknotes has been withdrawn from circulation, and is now sealed up in various banks and shops in Canton. The Government order was, it will be recalled, that each bank should seal up notes to the value of 30 per cent., and each shop 10 per cent. of their capital, but many have so far evaded the order. The Government is now taking steps to penalise the defaulters by a fine equal to 20 per cent. of their capital.

According to an announcement of the Government made to-day, all the money retained by these firms will be given to the Beggar's School.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL VACANCY.

## MR. B. D. F. BEITH NOMINATED.

A meeting of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce will be held this afternoon to nominate a member of the Chamber to the Legislative Council during the absence from the Colony of Mr. J. Owen Hughes.

Mr. B. D. F. Beith, of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., is the only person nominated. He will be proposed by the representative of Messrs. Butterfield & Swire and seconded by the representative of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

## APRIL CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

TWO CASES GO BEFORE JURY.  
EIGHT MEN CONVICTED.

At the Criminal Sessions yesterday before Mr. Justice Wood, two cases were soon disposed of at the morning sitting, the accused in the first case on the calendar shortening the proceedings by pleading guilty. Two other cases set down for to-day were also finished in the afternoon; here again a prisoner admitted his guilt. Eight men were accused in the four cases, and they were all convicted.

## ROBBERS PLEAD GUILTY.

Pan Liu and Wong Tai Chau both pleaded guilty to a charge of robbery at 2, Kee Hing Street, on January 18, when jewellery and a sum of \$471 in money were stolen.

In explaining the charge, Mr. H. Somerset Fitzroy (Assistant Attorney-General) said that the prisoners were accompanied by another man not in custody, and they went through the usual course of binding the inmates before ransacking the place. The robbers were armed, but no weapons had been found.

The first prisoner, Mr. Fitzroy stated, was recognised in the street six weeks later by one of the victims and arrested. Information given by this man led to the arrest of the other prisoner.

Sentence was deferred until Wednesday.

## D'AGUILAR STREET ROBBERY.

Three prisoners, Chan Shu, Chan Kai and Wong Yu Fan, pleaded guilty to the principal charge of robbery at 24, D'Aguiar Street, on March 5, and others charges against them were not proceeded with. A fourth man, Lo Man, denied the charge and also that he received stolen property—a gold watch chain and a pair of gold bangles.

Opening the case against Lo Man which went before a jury, Mr. Fitzroy related a meeting between six persons at a tea-house shortly before a number of them proceeded to carry out the robbery. The enterprise proved successful in that they gained a large amount of loot which included jewellery. Counsel alleged that prisoner was present at the meeting, and that subsequently he received the jewellery in connection with which he was charged. These articles were pawned by a woman at prisoner's request.

After a part of the evidence had been called, the charge of robbery was withdrawn, and the case proceeded on the charge of receiving stolen property.

The jury, without retiring, returned a verdict of guilty on the receiving charge.

Sentence was deferred.

## HIGHWAY ROBBERY ADMITTED.

The last case was one of robbery of a pair of gold ear-rings and \$135.50 against Yan Ngau at Wong-nichong Gap Road on January 8. It was alleged that the prisoner arranged to meet a woman near the Monument at Happy Valley on the morning of that day having promised to secure work for her. He was accompanied by another man, who led the woman to the hillside and there robbed her.

Asked to plead, accused admitted robbing the woman with the assistance of another man. He stated that he was a workman at the Naval Yard.

Sentence was deferred.

## HOTEL METROPOLE BOY CONVICTED.

Possession of Arms.

Mr. Hin Shing Lo, instructed by Mr. A. E. Hall, tendered a plea of not guilty on behalf of Chan Kim Shun, a lift attendant at the Hotel Metropole, charged with possession of a revolver and five rounds of ammunition without a licence.

An exhibit in the case was a rattan basket, which Mr. Fitzroy said was claimed by the accused. In it were found the arms wrapped in a woollen jacket. Evidence of the discovery was given by Sergeant Whant, who said that he was accompanied by a constable and a third man (Chan Kai) who promised to lead him to the place where the arms were kept. Witness said that when the package was taken out of the box which was opened by the accused with his keys, the accused stated it contained firearms.

Helped a Clanman.

Before putting his client in the witness-box, Mr. Lo said that the prisoner had been in the employ of the Hotel Metropole for three years and bore a good character. On the morning of March 3, Chan Kai, a clansman, visited the accused and asked him to take care of a small basket, until he called in the afternoon. Accused took the basket and left it in the baggage room.

In the afternoon Chan Kai returned with another man but before taking the package away he took out a bundle and asked the accused to place it in his own box until he called again. On March 10, (Continued on next column)

## CANTON'S WATER SUPPLY.

A NINE LAKHS PROJECT.  
BIG INITIAL CONTRACT FOR JARDINE'S.

"Canton Municipality is embarking on a big waterworks scheme, which will take about fifteen months to complete, and will cost somewhere around nine lakhs," said Mr. B. J. Lacom, the branch manager of Jardine Engineering Corporation, Ltd., to a *Daily Press* representative yesterday.

Mr. Lacom went on to say that his firm had obtained a contract to supply the Canton Municipality with a Peterson rapid filtration plant capable of dealing with 10 million gallons of water a day.

The plant includes three pulsed electric driven low lift pumps, each with a capacity of five million gallons per day, two to be working and one to act as a standby.

The water will be taken from the Canton River at Tsang Poo, some six miles north of the City and first cleared of all mud and other solids, then passed through filter beds and finally subjected to a chlorine gas process which destroys all bacteria.

## The Source of Supply.

"The water," said Mr. Lacom, "is fairly clean and no worse than Shanghai's source of supply. We get the drainage of some paddy fields, there is the usual mud and the boat refuse. Still, it is some distance above the City and there is no mechanical difficulty in making the water perfectly satisfactory."

The scheme is to cleanse the water at these works and pump it into a big water tower in the middle of Canton. In the future it is hoped to relay the twenty year old distributing pipes and replace them by new ones. The work will be a long and complicated matter and our present task is merely this new filtration plant, whose machinery—including pumps and mechanical equipment for the rapid precipitation tank and rapid gravity filters is some \$223,000.

## Starting Work At Once.

"We are starting work straight away," he went on. "The machinery has to be ordered from home and will take some months to arrive, but in the meantime there is lot of surveying work to do and the big job of preparing the site. Our senior Chinese engineer is leaving for Canton at once, and I expect to spend a lot of time on the job myself."

"A German firm has obtained the contract for the high level pumping. These are, of course, only the preliminaries of the whole scheme."

"The present waterworks and pipe system were designed for something under ten million gallons a day but they are now being pumped through far larger quantity, with the obvious consequences."

## A Very Fine Effort.

"The Government have, as you know, recently taken over the water works and they are making a very fine effort in this matter."

"Later it is hoped to carry the supply into Honam. There is talk of building another pumping and filter bed station there, but personally I think it wiser to take the whole supply from the projected works. The water opposite Honam is far dirtier and its cleansing a difficult matter."

"The question of finance looms very large. The City has only limited revenue, but they are doing all they can to give Canton a satisfactory supply on modern lines."

Chan Kai came with Sergeant Whant, and when he was asked for the "thing" accused voluntarily took them to the baggage room and opened his box.

The accused in the witness-box bore out his Counsel's statement, and in answer to his Lordship said that he was not aware until the contents of the bundle were exposed by Sergeant Whant that there was a revolver.

Mr. Leong Hing Kee, the accused's employer, gave the man a good character. He had served him for three years, first as a house-boy and later, in the more responsible position of lift attendant at his hotel.

Final Submission by Defence.

In his final address, Mr. Lo asked the jury to bear in mind that he was not calling Chan Kai, who was available according to the prosecution, because Sergeant Whant had stated in Court that Chan Kai owned up when the package was opened. Sergeant Whant had stated in his evidence that this accused told him before the package was undone that it contained firearms. Counsel would not accuse Sergeant Whant of untruthfulness, but there was probably a misunderstanding as accused had asked Chan Kai when the package was taken out of the box whether it was his "thing" quite ignorant of the fact that it contained a revolver.

The jury found prisoner guilty and his Lordship deferred sentence. The sessions will be continued this afternoon at 2.15.

## REMINISCENCES OF AN "OLD HAND."

## PIRACY, TYPHOONS, AND PLAGUE.

## MR. "TOM" GRIMSHAW ON THE "BAD OLD DAYS."

A *Daily Press* representative interviewed Mr. Thos. Grimshaw upon the subject of "The bad old days" in the Colony yesterday afternoon. It will be remembered that Mr. and Mrs. Grimshaw were the recipients of tokens of esteem from the Taikoo Dockyard, the Taikoo Sugar Refinery, and Taikoo Club, and the residents of Quarry Bay on Wednesday evening to mark their farewell for Home on retirement on Saturday.

"I first visited Hong Kong in 1893," said Mr. Grimshaw. "At that time I was serving in the Blue Funnel line. As far as I can recall, the present cricket ground was situated only 50 feet from the sea wall and the island then gave one the impression from a distance that it rose sheer from the water. Shortly afterward, I was shipwrecked on the coast of Japan when the *Ulysses* ran on the rocks. She was the first ship with triple-expansion engines built for the Blue Funnel Line."

## Blasted Out of Rock.

"In 1890 I came to Hong Kong and entered the employ of the Sugar Refinery which has then been in existence about six years. The concern was then run by Germans and there were about 50 Europeans employed there. After occupying the post of Buildings Overseer there for 11 years, I entered the service of the Taikoo Dockyard as Engineer's Assistant in the Architectural Department."

"The Dockyard was then just in course of construction and was blasted almost out of solid rock. Commenced in 1890, it took seven years to complete. Quarry Bay was rather a grim and forbidding place. Afforestation on the hills was in a very elementary stage. One had to travel between Victoria and the Bay by rickshaws. The 'boys' detested having to go all that distance for a fare of 30 cents and, quite often, there would only be about three rickshaws for the whole of the community at Quarry Bay. The wilder spirits were wont to grab the boys' chairs at the end of the run and look them up until the morning, thus securing transport to town."

"Mrs. Korn, the wife of an official at the Refinery was the only woman residing at Quarry Bay. Later, others came, but there were only a few in residence there when Mrs. Grimshaw came to the Colony."

## Determined Pirates.

"In 1891 one of the most audacious coups ever made by pirates occurred when a ship was seized almost inside the harbour. Two passengers were shot dead in attempting resistance and the Second Engineer was shot through the wrist. The pirates had joined the ship as passengers and it was hardly by under way before they drew revolvers and held everybody up."

"Taking control of the ship, they steered for the shelter of the islands where they hove to while junks came alongside and removed some of the loot. In order to prevent the ship getting away, the pirates disabled the windlass after dropping the anchor and attempted to disable the engines. As soon as they were out of sight, the Captain slipped the cable and the steamer returned to harbour."

"Later, twenty-seven of the pirates were arrested and beheaded at Kowloon in the presence of hundreds of people, including many Europeans. The execution of the leader was delayed until the last. After a time, the executioner's arms began to ache and he had begun to blunder with the axe."

"Just before the turn of the chief of the pirates to put his head on the block, the executioner made three attempts to behead one poor wretch. Calmly smoking a cigarette, the pirate leader jeered him and told him to practice on chickens before he attempted to

they could ask them to send along the subscription as it would save the treasurer a lot of time.

The primary object of the British Legion is to assist men locally, but the chief activity is keeping up the Poppy Day Fund.

It might interest you to know that during the last five years over £10,000 has been collected for this Poppy Day Fund in Hong Kong alone.

There were two or three other matters to deal with. A wreath was laid by the Legion on the Cenotaph in memory of Marshal Foch, and a letter has been received from the Consul for France in which he thanked the Legion for their wreath and for their attendance at the Requiem Mass. The letter, also stated that in addition to a wreath for Marshal Foch, the French Consul had laid one for the "Unknown Soldier." The Legion thanked the Consul by letter for this thoughtful act.

The new president for the year Mr. F. W. James was elected. The committee is not changed, but Mr. R. K. Hepburn has replaced Mr. A. Piercy as Secretary. Mr. A. Ritchie was re-elected honorary auditor.

It was mentioned at yesterday's meeting that the British Legion would be represented by some of their members as part of the guard of honour to greet the Duke of Gloucester on the latter's arrival in Hong Kong on April 25.

## THE BRITISH LEGION.

## OVER £10,000 TO POPPY FUND IN LAST 5 YEARS.

## YESTERDAY'S ANNUAL MEETING.

At the annual meeting of the British Legion (Hong Kong and China Branch) held in the Board Room of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co. yesterday, it was announced that in the last five years over £10,000 had been contributed locally to the Poppy Day Fund.

Mr. Geo. K. Hall Brutton took the chair and addressing the meeting said: The report and accounts have been in your hands and I take it you all know what is in them. The main point seems to be that \$2,000.50 has been expended on relief work, which provided two men with temporary keep, and granted financial assistance in other cases. Nine cases were assisted in all. Apart from this, \$500 was given to the Poppy Day Fund.

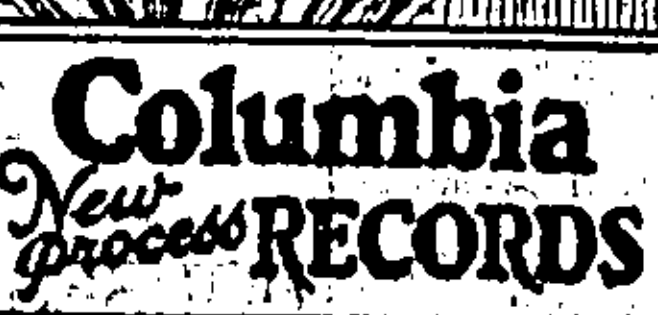
You will notice that our income comes from two main sources, the donation from the Jockey Club, and the interest from Sir Paul Chater's fund. The subscriptions seem to be falling off, and it seems that we should try to get more members to join up and to pay up! I understand we have 110 members but only 68 have paid their subscription. If anybody knows of any members who have not paid

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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**G. R.**

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the VALUATION LIST for the Colony for the Year 1928-1929 will be open to inspection at the Treasury for TWENTY-ONE Days commencing on SATURDAY, 20th APRIL, 1929.

C. M. MESSER,  
Colonial Treasurer & Assessor of Rates.  
[743]

## HONG KONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

A GENERAL MEETING of MEMBERS will be held TO-DAY, at 4.30 p.m., in the Offices of the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, to nominate a MEMBER of the Chamber for Appointment to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL during the Absence from the Colony of the Hon. Mr. J. OWEN RUGGLES.

Notice in Writing of the Names of Candidates and their Proposers and Secondors to be lodged with the SECRETARY AT LEAST 48 Hours before the Time appointed for Holding the Meeting.

By Order,  
M. F. KEY,  
Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 12th Apr., 1929. [7743]

## HONG KONG BASEBALL ASSOCIATION.

SENIOR and JUNIOR CLUBS are Reminded that ENTRIES will CLOSE on APRIL 20th.

H. HONG SLING,  
Hon. Secretary-Treasurer,  
King's Buildings.  
[7663]

## ROYAL HONG KONG YACHT CLUB.

THE CLOSING CRUISE will take place on SATURDAY the 20th APRIL.

All Friends of Members and Subscribers will be Welcome at the Club House.

Championship and other Trophies will be presented during the Afternoon, and in the Evening a Dinner will be held at the Club House.

Members and Subscribers wishing to attend please send in their Names to the Hon. SECRETARY together with the Names of Guests—not exceeding two—as early as possible.

R. J. VERNALL,  
Hon. Secretary.  
[7665]

## HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Provisional Certificate No. 57/1162 dated Hong Kong, 20th FEBRUARY, 1929, for One Share Numbered 131472 in the Name of LO WING CHUN, Provisional Certificate No. 57/1163 dated Hong Kong, 20th FEBRUARY, 1929, for One Share Numbered 131473 in the Name of LO WING CHONG and Certificate No. 5/195 dated Hong Kong, 21st DECEMBER, 1925, for One Share Numbered 19508 in the Name of GERARDUS WOUDEBERG, have been LOST or STOLEN, and should these Certificates not be produced to the Bank before the 10th MAY, 1929, New Certificates for the Shares will be issued and the lost or stolen Certificates Provisional No. 57/1162 and Provisional No. 57/1163 and No. 5/195 will be thereafter treated by this Corporation as Null and Void.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
A. C. HYNES,  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, 10th Apr., 1929. [7633]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 22nd DAY of APRIL, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Sham Shui Po, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty's King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Area in Sq. Ft.	Area in Sq. Yds.	Annual Rental	Upset Price
2	New Kowloon, Lot 112, bounded by the Sham Shui Po River, Kip Mei Street, Sham Shui Po.	As per sale plan.	16	2270	3,350	[7659]

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Tel. C. 5009

## INTIMATIONS.

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Company's Offices, P. & O. Building, on MONDAY, the 29th of APRIL, 1929, at 11 a.m.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 25th of APRIL to 29th of APRIL, Both Days inclusive.

DOUGLAS, LAPRAIK & CO.,  
General Managers.  
[7651]

## FOR SALE.

## SCHOONER-YACHT "SISTER ANNE."

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## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.30 p.m., stated—

Pressure is highest over N. China and relatively low over the China Sea. Gradients are slight throughout the area.

Local Forecast:—Easterly or variable winds, moderate, fair.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. Central 12.

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## The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, APRIL 19, 1929.

## KWANGTUNG'S WISH FOR PEACE.

THE war flame lit by the Wuhan crisis flared up quickly and fiercely as a hill fire, and appears to be dying down almost as suddenly. Fires are, however, dangerous things, and no one knows what new damage may be done by dying embers. So far, not very many people appear to have been hurt in the campaign. Big armies have been "moved" hither and thither, but, as often happens on the Chinese political chessboard, some pieces have been taken by the opposite side, others have been moved back to safer positions and very few have actually been damaged in the process. Here most of us have every sympathy with the coolies and peasants, dressed in cotton khaki, who are supposed to shoot and be shot. The rival ambitions of the Nanking Government and the "Kwangsi" clique, are hardly the kind of cause for which men fling away their lives, holding on recklessly to every little tactical point as on the field of Waterloo, or in the Hindenburg line.

The thing has, in fact, been stage-managed. The smaller force, accepting the Napoleonic principle that numbers must prevail in the end, have forestalled the inevitable by running away or going over, without the troublesome preliminary of a battle in which valuable lives and still more valuable military equipment would be wasted. The dominant factor, if one looks beneath the surface froth, appears to be a general will to peace on the part of the Chinese people. The ordinary citizen, be he merchant or peasant, knows that China is faced with immense problems arising out of crop failures due to drought and in almost equal degree to the armies which have devastated many fertile areas and consumed food reserves, sufficient in normal times to tide over the lean years. The Leung Kwang provinces have been facing the problem of food shortage with courage and determination. They have had a short breathing-space, and their finances permit of buying from abroad. But there is no margin for the luxury of war. Nothing could have been more significant than the support given to the Cantonese leaders who abruptly reversed an ill-considered policy in support of Hankow. They proclaimed the province's loyalty to Nanking, but declined to be involved. Since the opposition to Central Government collapsed on all sides that should have been sufficient for the Central Authority. But apparently it was not, and CHIANG KAI SHEK's threats to despatch Chang Fat Fu's Ironsides into Kwangtung, while evoking further protestations of devotion to the National Government, also had the effect of lining Kwangtung's Northern boundary with most of the Provincial Army. The latest danger is a struggle between the two Kwang provinces. The remnants of the Wuhan forces are rallying in Kwangsi, and General WONG SHU-HUNG has fixed his headquarters at Wuchow, the extremely important "gate" of the province. Apparently CHIANG KAI SHEK considers it Kwangtung's duty to crush the opposition, which has turned to buy just over her border. Admiral CHEN CHAK, the Commander-in-Chief of the Cantonese Navy, has pointed out that Nanking will hardly be satisfied with a verbal loyalty, but the reduction of a mountain fastness like Wuchow is no light undertaking. Though the Kwangsi troops have no desire to fight to the last ditch on behalf of an unknown war lord's dictatorship at Hankow, it would be a different matter if it came to defending their own countryside against invasion by their Kwangtung brothers.

Wuchow might be attacked and captured by the West River at certain seasons of the year, but that is wholly impossible now that the winding channel in the broad river is only a few feet deep.

One shore battery would hold up such an approach. No wonder the Canton Government, while dutifully ordering troops and gunboats to the West, at the same time holds a peace demonstration, at which Nanking's own nominee to the chief military position in the province, General CHEN TSAI TONG, is the principal speaker. They are hoping that General WONG SHU-HUNG will submit; that Nanking will modify the terms of surrender; that a compromise satisfactory to all will be negotiated. But unfortunately WONG SHU-HUNG does not see it in that light. His position is fairly strong, he has done admirable work for Kwangsi, and he wants to go on without making his province the model for China. It is certainly to be hoped that a settlement on amicable lines will be possible, for General WONG SHU-HUNG is the type of administrator who is not easily replaced. Perhaps CHIANG KAI SHEK, who has not escaped criticism for his handling of the crisis, will be persuaded that the Central power can be vindicated without involving Kwangtung and Kwangsi in a war which the provinces obviously do not want.

Few, if any, Europeans know what bargaining and intrigue has gone on. To speculate whether the Central Government arranged with FENG to lead the Kwangsi clique to destruction, whether Nanking acted alone, or what other strange web of statecraft spreads over China at this time is mere waste of time. It appears to the onlooker the old conflict, common in medieval Europe and 19th century America, between a centralising autocracy and the instinct for local autonomy. If Nanking is to be a real capital of the Republic, if a great governmental machine is to be built up in the Yangtze city, money will have to be poured in from all over China. But every provincial government has more to do than its own revenue can afford, and its tension arises. If money is wasted on fighting the objects which all have in view, both provincial and in the capital, will be indefinitely delayed, and the complexity of the task increased, even beyond its present proportions.

## News and Views.

A married woman at 22, Sai Street reports the loss of her jewellery valued at \$700.

A Chinaman fire broke out yesterday at No. 27, Hollywood Road. It was extinguished by the police before any damage was done.

An accountant reports that someone climbed on the verandah of his house at No. 130 Des Voux Road Central and stole \$100 from his room.

One Chinese case of small-pox was reported on Wednesday. There was no other entry on the Medical Officer's return for that day of notifiable diseases.

Captain Bloor, of the S.S. Hydrangea, reports having lost \$45 in Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank notes which were stolen from a pair of trousers left in his cabin.

The Government of Ontario has decided to put a district of altogether 20,000 square miles under direct government management as a special forestry reservation for the safeguarding of the supply of pulp. For this purpose, three German forestry experts will be engaged to supervise the cutting down of trees, as well as the work of afforestation.

Last month the Australian Parliament passed a Bill establishing a Bureau of Economic Research, designed to undertake research into primary and secondary industries, marketing, transport, tariffs, bounties for industries, and matters of finance and currency. Mr. Bruce, the Prime Minister, claimed that it was impossible to ensure permanent benefits from tariff policy in the absence of reliable economic information, which was not available now.

The Soviet Government has decided to subject to a public examination all professors who have been employed since before the Revolution and all professors over 65 years old, and to dismiss all who do not enjoy the confidence of loyal Soviet citizens. The first 200 will be examined early in the spring. The tribunals will consist of general meetings of the students, to which each professor must render a detailed report of his scientific and public work during the past 10 years. He must defend himself from the students against attacks by the Government and complaints of why he considers giving reasons why he considers employed in Soviet higher educational establishments. The meetings will re-elect or dismiss him on the result of a vote by a show of hands, as at the elections for the Soviets. Pokrosky, Assistant Commissioner for Education of the R.S.F.S.R., has announced that a State Council is now considering details of the examinations, and that many dismissals are expected, especially in Leningrad, Moscow, and the Ukraine.

In New York it is declared that the Jones Act, providing drastic penalties for the violation of the Volstead Act, is dividing the lawyers of the country into two camps, as they were divided by the Fugitive Slave Law three-quarters of a century ago. In New York, Boston, and San Francisco, distinguished lawyers, some formerly Federal prosecuting officers, have already formed an organisation to resist the operation of the law, and to give aid and counsel to those accused of violating it, while in Washington an agreement, called the Bar of the United States of America, has been formed to support strict enforcement of the Prohibition laws, including the Jones Law. One of the purposes of the new organisation, which is modelled after organisations in California and Virginia, is to prevent any attorney from practising before the Federal Courts who will not wholeheartedly support all the Federal laws, and regard himself as an officer of the United States as well as an attorney.

## The Reckless Russians.

Once again an international gathering at Geneva of gentlemen desirous of securing world-peace has been put in a flutter by the bold Bolsheviks. Since it is said to be the general desire to prevent war, the Russians advocate disarmament instead of limiting armaments. Their argument is that while the nations remain armed, there will be always danger of the guns suddenly going off, whereas if the world were disarmed, there would be no trigger for anybody to pull. Since all the warring powers are said to be for purely defensive purposes, and every Government disclaims any aggressive intent, the Russian proposal seems quite logical, and possibly this explains the extraordinary excitement which is always aroused when the suggestion is put forward. The fact is, of course, that politicians and diplomats are not yet quite converted to the idea of disarmament, and it is only with great difficulty that they can be got to agree even to schemes for reducing and limiting armaments. We must be thankful for small mercies, however, and hope that before many years the logical conclusion will be reached—even if it is a Bolshevik idea.

## Mr. Snowden Hits Back.

Philip Snowden is too old a hand to be caught napping in debate, and the "affliction of horror" by those on the Ministerial benches at his remarks about war-debts merely amused the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer. Anyone who has followed British politics with any attention must know that the Labour Party has repeatedly advocated the policy to which Mr. Snowden referred. The Liberals, too, are quite satisfied that the "Settlements" reached are not and cannot be anything more than temporary adjustments. When the Secretary for War says the Cabinet was surprised and shocked by Mr. Snowden's words, he is assuming an air of startled innocence—and probably secretly pleased that Mr. Snowden had provided the Government with a good talking point for the election campaign. The Labour Party were the friends of every country but their own was effectively replied to by Mr. Snowden. "I am sufficient of an Englishman," he said, "not to be content to see my country and my people bled white for the benefit of countries more prosperous than ourselves." Probably "Pettinax" will have something to say in reply to that frank statement, but Mr. Snowden is a match even for that redoubtable controversialist.

## Good News for Bad Drivers.

Nervous or inept motorists who have a horror of changing gear, and hardly ever get out of the gear-box, will, it is claimed, have their particular error removed from their lives through the "Salerni Coupling." The new device also enables the motorist to do "free-wheeling," whereby the engine is automatically disengaged from the driving-shaft as soon as the foot is removed from the accelerator. Thus the car immediately commences to coast as soon as the engine speed falls below the car speed, and considerable distances are covered without appreciable loss of speed and with a minimum consumption of gasoline. "Free wheeling," it has been estimated, increases the mileage a car can cover per gallon of gasoline by between 13 and 25 per cent. But the chief interest of the Salerni coupling to the average driver is that he can noisily change gear up or down at any speed without a trace of "crashing." Gear-changing is difficult because toothed wheels have to be engaged with each other, and can only do so silently when rotating at the same speed. With the Salerni coupling pressure of the clutch disengages the whole gear-box from the propeller-shaft. Engaging any pair of gears is then simple, and the coupling, interposed between the gear-box and the propeller-shaft, automatically connects the latter with the engine as soon as both are rotating at the same speed. It is claimed by its inventor that, produced in quantities and incorporated in the car during the process of assembly, the new fitting should not add more than two pounds to the price of a car.

## Astronomical Library.

A library of about 1,000 foreign works on astronomy has been discovered in a tiny fishing village in Kitami in the northwestern part of the Hokkaido. The volumes were found by Mr. Tamura, legal adviser attached to the Seventh Division in Asahigawa, in the course of an inspection trip in the northern regions of the Hokkaido. Officials of the Tokyo Central Meteorological Observatory advance, in explanation of the presence of the books in the out-of-the-way village, the theory that they possibly were left there by foreign astronomers who came to Kitami from all parts of the world about 40 years ago to observe an eclipse of the sun. The officials exhibited great interest as to the fate of the books, which they have not seen as yet, and expressed the hope that they would prove valuable in the study of astronomy here. They said they would make an effort to have the library taken to Tokyo.

## An Old Navigation Officer.

The death has occurred at Church End, Tywardreath, Par, Cornwall, of Captain Clifford Bowden, R.N., in his 81st year. He was among the last of the officers of the old navigating branch of the Royal Navy, which he entered on June 9, 1853, as naval cadet, second class, going to sea as master's assistant. He was promoted navigating sub-lieutenant in June, 1863, and navigating lieutenant in March, 1876. In the former rank he saw active service in the Beacon, screw gun-vessel, during the Ashanti War of 1873-74, and received the medal. When navigating lieutenant of the Lap-land, screw gun-vessel, on the China Station, he was commended for jumping overboard at Fookshoo to render assistance to a stoker who had fallen from the ship. He was promoted to staff commander in May, 1887, and to staff captain in April, 1902. From 1894 to 1902 he was navigating officer of the battleship Nile, and from 1902 until his retirement with the rank of captain in June, 1908, he served on the staff at Devonport Dockyard. He had been in receipt of a Greenwhich Hospital pension of £50 a year since March, 1918.

## The Shantung Situation.

Having urged Japan to withdraw her troops from Shantung over a period of many months, at last achieved the desired result. China has now begged Japan not to take her forces away. This is the story as given out in Tokyo, but it seems a trifle bald and unconvincing. Baron Tanaka has got himself into very serious trouble at home for agreeing to the Tsinan settlement without first submitting the terms to the Privy Council for approval. It is possible that the orders from Tokyo to Tsinan postponing the evacuation operations were prompted more by consideration of local politics than the wishes of Nanking. That the National Government will have to face some trouble in Shantung is quite likely, but that the Chinese authorities should beg Japan not to do that which they have so insistently demanded she should do seems more incredible even than the most ordinary happenings in China. We are of the opinion that the sudden change in Japan's plans for evacuating Shantung is to be explained by Baron Tanaka's desire to placate his political enemies, rather than by Nanking's anxiety regarding the consequences of that withdrawal.

## Hong Kong's Mysteries.

In another column will be found a letter from a correspondent, drawing attention to another of the many mysteries which perplex the inquiring minds of intelligent residents in the Colony. Our correspondent repeats a question which was raised in our editorial columns some six weeks ago, but which remains unanswered like the question we have asked concerning responsibility for the shameful circumstances attending the burial of Mr. Paul Baile. There must be some reason why one applicant for permission to run a bus service was refused the necessary licence, while another applicant was granted the permit. What is the reason? Quite a simple question, and a pertinent one, but remaining unanswered—scarcely a civil attitude to adopt toward the community upon a subject of considerable public importance. It took about a month to elicit some of the facts about Mr. Baile's funeral; it may be another month before the full explanation of the incident is known—and perhaps more. In time we shall learn the real reason for refusing the Tramway Company's application for permission to run a bus service along Queen's Road. The alleged reason officially disclosed "is a ludicrous one, and there must be a reason for withholding the real reason—what is it? Questions could be raised in the Legislative Council by any member with sufficient public spirit to submit them. Has any member of the Legislative Council ever asked the Government whether anything was being done to give effect to the recommendations made to it after the Hong Kong Hotel fire? If that question had been raised, and pressed, it is quite possible that no inquiry would have been necessary after the King Edward Hotel fire. The rules of the Legislative Council permit of any member proposing a question for debate, and if seconded by another member, it "shall be" debated. Why this privilege is not more often availed of is yet another mystery unsolved.



## PREMIER OUTLINES TORY PROGRAMME.

NEW SCHEME TO ASSIST COLONIES.

HIS UNEMPLOYMENT REMEDIES.

## NEED FOR "STABLE CONDITIONS."

The Premier at a huge meeting in Drury Lane Theatre, launched the Conservative General Election campaign. Protesting against appeals made by his opponents to "cupidity on the one hand, and credulity on the other," Mr. Baldwin stated that he would not promise more than he could perform.

He pointed out that Britain was regaining her competitive power, and trade was improving, but settled and stable conditions were needed.

The Conservative Party intended to concentrate largely upon Empire Development, and would allocate funds to that end.

It is generally assumed that Mr. Snowden's speech on War Debts, and the consequent discussion, has made a new election issue.

[REUTER'S AND BRITISH WIRELESS.]

LONDON, April 18.

Mr. Baldwin at Drury Lane Theatre, which was crowded with representatives of constituencies from all over the country, launched the Conservative General Election programme.

## Unemployment.

Mr. Baldwin emphasised his intention to continue the process of conquering unemployment without resorting to palliative schemes necessitating large borrowing.

He claimed that Britain was recovering her competitive power, and trade was definitely improving, but needed settled and stable conditions. He declared that the safeguarding and De-rating policies were most valuable adjuncts in increasing employment.

The Government would co-operate in modernising the whole of the railway arrangements. He ruled out agricultural protection, but stated that the defence forces would give a certain measure of preference to home-produced meat and flour.

## Empire Development.

Mr. Baldwin further stated that the Government would provide small sums as required within a certain maximum, for Empire development, and appoint an independent commission to advise the most profitable way of expenditure of them to develop Colonial territories.

He declined to promise more than he could perform. The people's deep sense of responsibility would make them deaf to the appeals to cupidity on the one hand and credulity on the other.

## Helping The Colonies.

Further details of Mr. Baldwin's speech state that the Conservative policy of modernising home industry and multiplying the overseas markets caused them to look to the development of the Colonies. He referred to Colonies, not Dominions, because the latter were self-governed. The best contribution we could make to the Dominions was to give them the best of our people and the best terms of Preference possible.

Conservatives were not quite satisfied with the progress of the Colonial Empire, particularly the vast potentialities of the African Territories, although something had been done through the Palestine and East African loans. It was the Government's policy to ensure that further capital would be forthcoming in the most convenient form for Colonies unable to finance their own development. Hence, the Government would provide out of Imperial Funds such funds as were required within a substantial maximum to help pay interest in the initial years on unfavourable schemes, which otherwise must be postponed; and also in other ways to help them mature.

The Government proposed to establish an independent commission to advise them on the most profitable use of new resources in developing colonies.

## WAR DEBTS DEBATE.

LONDON, April 18. Not since the historic Prayer Book debate has there been such a tense and dramatic atmosphere in the House of Commons as at last night's debate, following Mr. Snowden's impetuous declaration on the Balfour Note.

Members on both sides of the House assume that a new issue for determination at the Election has been brought into the field of political controversy.

The Conservatives say the issue is the sanctity of international contracts, and the Labour members retort that the Government is seeking an election "stunt," and if Mr. Snowden's declaration is to be used for election purposes, then the issue as far as Labour is concerned will be the taxation of the people of Britain for repayment of a debt incurred by foreign countries.

It is expected that Mr. Baldwin will refer to the subject at the Conservative rally to-day, when he will outline the Government election programme.

## Government Reply.

ROOPE, April 17.

In the course of the debate on the Budget, Sir Laming Worthington Evans (Secretary for War) replied to the attack made yesterday by Mr. Philip Snowden, who was Chancellor of the Exchequer in the Labour Government, upon the allied debt settlements.

## TRAVEL BY RAIL AND AIR!

NEW POWERS FOR BRITISH COMPANIES.

AMBITIOUS SCHEME.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 18.

An important step towards the co-ordination of railways and air transport companies has been approved by the joint Parliamentary Committee, which has unanimously decided that Bills may be promoted by railway companies seeking the power to add air transport to their existing facilities. The Committee stipulated that local authorities must be consulted with reference to the establishment of aerodromes. Sir Herbert Walker, general manager of the Southern Railway, explained that the companies, jointly with air transport companies, desired to provide services over a continental area and the islands of Europe west of a point 23deg. east of Greenwich. This limitation was inserted at the instance of the Air Minister and Imperial Airways, to prevent competition beyond Warsaw and Budapest.

Sir Herbert Walker instanced that a rail and sea journey to Berlin took 20 hours, whereas by air it took 10 hours, the cost being only 50/- more.

## THE REPARATIONS CONFERENCE.

GERMAN OFFER.

DIFFERENCE IN FIGURES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, April 17.

It is learned that Dr. Schacht, the head of the German delegation, has presented counter-proposals to the Reparations Conference, which are to be discussed to-morrow. The figures agreed upon by the Allies and those suggested by Germany have been kept secret, but it is believed that the creditor nations have proposed fifty-eight yearly payments of Gold Marks 2,000,000,000, whereas Dr. Schacht is suggesting 37 yearly payments of between Mks. 1,600,000,000 and Mks. 1,700,000,000.

the question of inter-allied debts as with the question of reparations. He made his statement of the previous night on the spur of the moment. It was not a considered statement at all and if he had had time to prepare a statement he did not think he could have improved on that which he had made.

Was it not the common practice—almost the daily practice—of the Foreign Office to enter into communication with foreign governments regarding revision and amendments of treaties which had been found to inflict hardship, and was the practice of denouncing treaties altogether unknown to say the least?

It was not the common practice—almost the daily practice—of the Foreign Office to enter into communication with foreign governments regarding revision and amendments of treaties which had been found to inflict hardship, and was the practice of denouncing treaties altogether unknown to say the least?

That was what he meant when he said that if circumstances arose when the Labour Party was in office and the question of amendment or revision of allied debts arose, then they would consider themselves free to enter into negotiations to revise and alter the Balfour Note.

## Castigation.

Reuter adds that Sir A. Chamberlain and Mr. Churchill castigated Mr. Snowden's reckless remarks, the former urging Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to tell the world that whatever party were in office England would keep her word.

Mr. Runciman declared that the Liberals would not depart from the international contracts made by the Government of the day. Mr. Snowden reiterated that Labour favoured an all-round cancellation of the debts and reparations, but he would not repudiate the Allied Debt agreement.

## Mr. MacDonald Speaks.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald declared that the agreements made were not sacred against revision but as long as he led the Labour Party there would be no repudiation. He described the settlement with the United States as bad financially and politically but until it was changed by mutual consent they would pay every farthing.

There was nothing in Snowden's statement to suggest that the consent of the Allies would not be sought before the settlements were revised.

## A Business View.

Mr. MacDonald explained that all that Mr. Snowden had in mind was whether the Balfour Note, when considered as a business proposition, not as a demonstration of fatuous sentimentality, was inimical to consider that.

Mr. MacDonald reiterated Labour's determination to adopt a generous attitude in the matter of inter-allied debts as part of a general settlement of reparations. The House then proceeded to discuss the Budget.

## THE "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS."

AMAZING ATTACK BY KUOMINTANG.

CIRCULATION TO BE PREVENTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, April 18.

The Standing Committee of the State Council to-day discussed the attitude of the North China Daily News, the leading British daily in China. The Committee decided that the Daily News has been anti-Kuomintang, and has deliberately attacked the Central Government despite repeated protests to the Foreign Ministry.

Therefore the Committee decided that strong representations should be made to the American Minister asking him to call on the American journalist, George Sokolsky, the contributor upon Chinese affairs to the Daily News, to leave China.

Meanwhile, the post office would be instructed to refuse facilities to the Daily News, and the Customs would be ordered to prevent its circulation through bulk shipments from Shanghai by steamer.

## THE KING.

BAD WEATHER STOPS AN EXCURSION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17.

H.M. the King passed another good day. His Majesty spent the whole morning sitting and walking in the grounds of Craigweld House and the Queen accompanied the King when he walked through the grounds.

The King had hoped to go out again this afternoon, but a thick sea-mist developed during lunch and prevented His Majesty from again going out.

## HEAVY FIGHTING IN AFGHANISTAN.

EX-KING'S VICTORY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CALCUTTA, April 17.

Heavy fighting is reported at Shaikhabad, 40 miles from Kabul between Amanullah's forces and Bachai Siqua's troops, with heavy casualties.

The Kabul hospitals are crowded with wounded.

## Amanullah's Success.

Moscow, April 17.

A report from Kushka states that ex-King Amanullah's main forces have advanced seventy-two miles toward Kabul from Kandahar. He has captured Kalati Gilzai, two hundred miles from Kabul. Ex-King Amanullah is transferring his headquarters there. A considerable army is forming in the heart of the province to assist him.

## FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD UNDER FIRE.

QUESTIONS IN CONGRESS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, April 17.

Mr. Reid, a member from Illinois, has introduced a resolution to the House of Representatives, demanding that there be a widespread investigation of the Federal Reserve Board's activities and policies during the past ten years.

He demands that a thorough enquiry be held and that Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mr. Mellon, Mr. Owen D. Young, Mr. Roy A. Young and other leaders of finance be summoned as witnesses.

Mr. Loring Black of New York, challenged the Board's right to restrict credit for speculative purposes and roundly condemned the Board for its arbitrary actions.

He declared that the extension in securities sold on the Stock Market merely represented American business expansion.

## AMERICAN AIRCRAFT MERGER.

\$3,000,000 DEAL.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, April 17.

A deal linking up two of the largest air transportation companies in the United States was concluded yesterday when the United Aircraft and Transporting Company acquired 80,000 shares of the Aviation Corporation of the Americas, with representation on the latter's board.

Over \$3,000,000 was involved in the sale. The first-named company controls the Pacific Air Transport Company while the latter owns the Pan-American Airways and all important operating companies controlling many thousands of miles of airways in North America and Central America.

## "REBELS" NEAR THE END.

CHANGTSEN REPORTED QUIET.

FENG TO VISIT NANKING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HANKOW, April 18.

The fighting above Shashi has been suspended for the time being, pending further negotiations. A fresh outbreak of hostilities is considered unlikely, as the position of Hu Tsung Tu's forces is most unfavourable. It is believed they will soon capitulate on the best terms obtainable.

Meanwhile, fighting is reported to have broken out at Hengchow in southern Hunan. It is not clear whether the Kwangsi troops from the south are driving northward, or whether Ho Chien, in pursuance of orders from Chiang Kai Shek, is endeavouring to drive them from Hunan.

## Further Retreat.

NANKING, April 18.

It is learned from Hankow that the Wuhan rebels evacuated Machiasai, ten li from Shashi, last night. Hu Tsung Tu and Tao Chun are still in Shashi, but it is believed they will retreat westward. Lu Ti Ping has taken over the duties of garrisoning Wuhan, relieving the 6th Division, which is leaving for Nanking.

Since all the difficulties are settled the situation is quiet. Hostilities have ceased at Changtshu, and the city is occupied by Tao Tao Yuan. Anxiety regarding foreigners have eased considerably.

## Earlier Anxiety.

An earlier Naval Wireless message states, however, that foreigners in Changtshu are again threatened according to a report from Changsha. A shallow draught tug, manned by a party of men from H.M.S. Widgeon and accompanied by the Consul at Changsha, is now endeavouring to evacuate foreign residents at Changtshu.

It is hoped that the rise in water will allow the tug to reach Changtshu in two days.

## BLOOD AND IRON!

(Industrial &amp; Commercial Daily Press.)

In a telegram addressed to Nanking, Chang Fat Fui, the leader of the "Ironside," urges the Government to annihilate the Kwangsi Clique's forces and that Kwangsi should be occupied and no clemency shown to the rebels.

Chiang Kai Shek has telegraphed ordering the Canton authorities to send troops against the Kwangsi troops at Ping Shek on the border of Kwangtung where forces under Wong Kuk Cho, Lui Woon Im and Wong Ying Yue are alleged to be preparing to attack Kwangtung.

## FENG YU HSIANG'S MISSION.

THE OLIVE BRANCH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 11.

The Kuo Min Agency states that notwithstanding his physician's advice Feng Yu Hsiang will shortly leave Hwasan, in Shanai, for Nanking, "in order to allay all fears, and set the public mind at peace regarding rumours of impending conflict between his troops and the Government forces."

It is added that Feng Yu Hsiang's health has been steadily improving, but he is not yet sufficiently recovered to be able to resume active work.

## CHANG TSUNG CHANG PERTURBED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, April 18.

It is learned from foreign sources that the family of Chang Tsung Chang left Chefoo for Dairen on Tuesday last. It is expected that Chang will shortly follow, as Chefoo is again practically in the hands of the Nationalists.

## NEW POSTAGE STAMPS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, April 18.

New postage stamps bearing a picture of Chiang Kai Shek will shortly be issued, in commemoration of the unification of the country.

A memorial service is being held this afternoon to commemorate the second anniversary of the establishment of the National capital at Nanking.

Most of the Government offices are closed to-day.

## MURDERED MONGOLIAN OFFICIAL.

CHINA'S PROTEST TO SOVIET.

(Wah Tei Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, April 18.

In connection with the murder of the chairman of the Provincial Government of Outer Mongolia by the Russians, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs lodged a strong protest with the Soviet Government on Wednesday.

## SMALL-POX SCARE ABATES.

FEW VIRULENT CASES.

INFECTION FROM THE EAST.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17.

Sir Austen Chamberlain, the Foreign Secretary, informed the House of Commons this afternoon that the French Government had decided to suspend the vaccination order which was to have come into force immediately. He stated that the French Government had been given details regarding the very restricted character of the smallpox outbreak.

All the cases were now isolated in hospital and as the period of incubation for the disease was over, there was no reason to anticipate any further cases, nor was there anything to indicate that the disease was of a virulent type.

A meeting to discuss the question was being arranged between British and French representatives.

The infection first reached this country on a steamship arriving at Glasgow from the East on April 1. Out of 1,850 passengers and crew, only forty-four smallpox cases occurred and these are all in hospital. Vigorous measures have been taken by the health authorities to eliminate the danger and there has been nothing in the nature of an epidemic.

## A Majestic Mayor.

PARIS, April 18.

According to *Le Matin* the Mayor of Havre declared he would himself apply health measures to travellers from England, in the event of the Government not doing so immediately.

Mrs. Fortescue, from Bombay, who was landed at Marseilles from the *Tuscania*, was sent to hospital in Paris with small-pox.

## Mayor Changes His Mind!

LONDON, April 18.

There were 218 cases of smallpox being treated in Greater London this morning as compared with 202 yesterday morning. No further cases from the *Tuscania* have been reported since April 12.

Passengers on the Southampton-Havre steamer had an anxious night as they were informed at Southampton that the Mayor of Havre was enforcing the vaccination order, but they were not bothered on landing. It was learned that the Mayor changed his mind just before the arrival of the steamer.

## RADICAL ROUND-UP IN JAPAN.

300 ARRESTS MADE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, April 18.

Though publication is banned locally, it is learned that another country-wide round-up of alleged radicals, totalling about 300, mainly students, was carried out on Tuesday night.

It is understood that the action is due to information obtained by the examination of those arrested in last year's round-up, and is not due to any new intrigue.

## THE SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

MR. H. E. ARNHOLD THE NEW CHAIRMAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 18.

Mr. H. E. Arnhold of Messrs. Arnhold & Co., Ltd., has been elected Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council, in succession to Mr. Fessenden. Brigadier-General E. B. MacNaghten was elected Vice-Chairman.

## CHINA AND JAPAN.

AGREEMENT ON HANKOW INCIDENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, April 18.

The China-Japan agreement settling the Hankow and Nanking incidents has been initiated. The terms are not known.

## Talking Over Tsinan.

(Wah Tei Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, April 18.

Mr. Hsu Shih Chieh, the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs of Shantung, has notified the City Party Headquarters at Tsinan, that Chinese troops arrived at Tangchia-chung on the 17th inst., and would enter Tsinan City next day.

## DR. SUN YAT SEN'S RE-INTERMENT.

(Wah Tei Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, April 18.

The Committee in charge of burial of Dr. Sun's remains has decided to ask the Ministry of Finance to set aside a sum of \$20,000 towards the ceremony. The casket will start from Peking on May 10 arriving at Nanking on the 18th.

## THE U.S. SHIPPING BOARD.

MORE VESSELS SOLD.

BIG REDUCTION SINCE THE WAR.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, April 18.

The Shipping Board announces that bids will open on May 23 for the sale of the American Diamond Line, and the America-France Line.

Their disposal, with the prospective sale of the American Republics Line, and the Gulf and Mediterranean Line, will leave the Board with only 162 vessels, as compared with 2,336 at the end of the war.

## DISARMAMENT.

SOVIET PROGRAMME OF ABOLITION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

GENEVA, April 17.

It is learned that the Soviet disarmament proposals provide for the complete abolition of tanks and heavy artillery, for the suppression of aircraft-carriers, for the gradual replacement of battleships by vessels not exceeding 10,000 tons within a period of 13 years, and for the limitation of tonnage and number of submarines.

## Litvinoff Insistent.

GENEVA, April 18.

An acute stage was reached when the question arose as to whether the Soviet disarmament proposals should be discussed instead of the Preparatory Disarmament Committee's own draft convention adopted in 1927.

M. Litvinoff yesterday argued that security would be obtainable by disarmament, and asked for an unequivocal reply as to whether his draft was acceptable or not.

The Chairman, Herr London, said that an immense majority of the delegates did not favour the Soviet draft, but Litvinoff could submit amendments to the 1927 draft.

M. Litvinoff then insisted that a vote be taken on the pivotal points of the Soviet draft, namely the principle of reduction, not limitation, of armament; secondly, the principle of proportion reduction; and thirdly, the principle of co-efficients of armed forces.

He declared that if the Committee rejected these principles the Soviet draft convention would fall through.

The Committee were placed in an embarrassing position, and adjourned to enable the delegates to consider the extraordinary situation.

The silence of Lord Cushendun and Mr. Hugh Gibson caused surprise.

## CIVILIZATION AGAIN!

SOUTHERN CROSS COMES BACK.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SYDNEY, April 18.

Captain Kingsford Smith and his companions have landed at Derby in West Australia in the Southern Cross.

## FRENCH LINER AGROUND.

STRANDED OFF THE EDDYSTONE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 18.

The French liner Paris which left Havre for New York this morning, stranded in a fog off Eddystone Lighthouse.

## Telegrams in Brief.

The new German cruiser Konigsberg has been placed in commission, under the command of Captain Von Rotha. The occasion was one of great rejoicing and Captain Von Rotha made a stirring address to the crew of the new ship recalling the deeds of her two predecessors during the war.

The release has been ordered of the persons arrested for alleged plotting against the Portuguese Government.

Major-General Sir William Birkbeck, who was Director of Remounts at Army Headquarters from 1912 to 1920, has been killed at St. Briac, near Dinard. He lost his footing on the top of the cliffs and fell over one hundred feet to the rocks below.

Justice Solomon has refused the application to review the sentence of ten lashes imposed on Nafte, the African farmer, accused of manslaughter of a native. It is understood that a further appeal will now be made to the Appellate Division at Bloemfontein.

The P. & O. Company have declared an interim dividend up to March 31 of the deferred shares of five per cent. tax free.

The Palais Voor Volkqvylt (the "Crystal Palace" of Amsterdam) has been completely destroyed by fire.



## CRICKET NOTES.

The Cricket Season may now definitely be regarded as over and I presume the various remaining League matches may be taken as abandoned.

The biggest surprise of last Saturday's cricket was the tremendous defeat experienced by the Club second eleven. Lacey finished up quite a good season by taking 6 wickets for 37 runs. The Club batting was not at all convincing. However, they managed to reach 125, a score which has frequently in the past proved good enough to win a game. Not so, however, in this instance. I am told that Kermani, for the Rest of the Junior League, played a really beautiful innings, and after playing himself in hit with delightful freedom. I am afraid that I have never seen him bat—but I hope to next season. Mackay got 44, and he is a player who will probably come on a lot. My impression is that, with a lot of coaching he might be quite good. I trust the K.C.C. cricketers will take him in hand next season.

By the way, when last week I selected a side for the Rest of the League casually and by way of interest, I must admit that I clean forgot the Naval people. Several of the ships had been out and I suppose that was how it slipped my mind. Of course, Commander F. C. Baker would undoubtedly go into any representative side, and so, I think, would Singleton—of whose leg-breaks (I should call them donkey-drops if he wasn't so big) we shall hear more. But this is not the fault of the selector—not picking Singleton I mean—as the Suffolk only came in late on Friday or early on Saturday. I don't know which. Parkhurst, too, would have been a stronger bat than Hanson, who seemed quite at sea with Parker.

I was interested to see that the Civil Service turned out an "Old Crocks" side. Brawn used to be a jolly useful bat when I first played cricket in the Colony and they tell me his bat is still pretty straight.

## A Retrospect.

As this is the last set of Cricket Notes that will appear until next September or so—and here I seem to hear a gasp of relief go round some of my friends—it may not be amiss briefly to review the past season. It has been purely domestic, if I may use the phrase. The struggle for the Senior Shield has not been widely exciting. It really became apparent that the Club could field a side which would swamp all opposition, and they did. Kowloon became but a shadow of their former selves. With Brace unable to bowl through an injury, E. C. Fincher dead out of form, Lyle gone home, and Frank Goodwin only striking at intervals his form as a bowler, they could not win their matches though they were a hard side to beat.

The University were good but utterly unimpressive. Their fielding was hardly up to the level of the previous season. Navy were very disappointing, even when allowances are made for the difficulty of fielding a regular side. Baker and Singleton alone are of the form that would have entitled a man to a place in the big Navy sides of three or four years ago.

The I.R.C. were utterly unconvincing and unless they can unearth new blood (if you will pardon the mixed metaphor) they will tend to go the way that the Civil Service have gone. This latter side, however, may recover. The shock of having been last may go back to them, but they will get back to a measure of their 1928 form. But the two things they want are a good captain, and a careful fixture of dates. They ought not to play a League match before December next.

Craighower, I fear, are not very good and whether they can pull up or not remains very doubtful. But they have the excellent example of the C.R.C. who after having for years been whippers in to the Division, this year won a couple of brilliant and unexpected victories and nearly won two more.

Of the players Anderson has shown he can hold his own as well in first League as in schoolboy cricket. W. C. Hung has enhanced his reputation in all three departments of the game. F. I. Zimmern has come to the front as a brilliant young wicket-keeper. Of the older hands Brace is as good as ever. Ramsay and E. C. Fincher have had poor seasons, but E. F. Fincher has done well. Pearce, Owen Hughes, and Dobbie have made a tremendous lot of runs. Wales has bowled much better than he ever did before. I have no space for further mention of players in the Senior League, I fear, but there are plenty of useful men knocking round.

## The Second Division.

Lieut. Col. Wyatt nearly carried the R.E. and Signals to victory on his own shoulders, but the general all-round strength of H.K.C.C. II. under their experienced captain was too much for him. I cannot make out quite why the L.R.C. II. are so high in the table save that they are a well-balanced side and if one did not come off another usually did.

(Continued at foot of next column).

## HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

## FOURTH EXTRA RACE MEETING.

## PROGRAMME FOR APRIL 27.

The following is the programme of the Jockey Club's fourth extra race meeting to be held at Happy Valley on Saturday, April 27, starting at 2.30 p.m.

The entries for the three non-handicap events are also appended.

## THE RACES.

## 1.—Customs Handicap "A" Class.

Once Round (about 7 furlongs 55 yards).

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 2.—Customs Handicap "B" Class.

Once Round (about 7 furlongs 55 yards).

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 3.—Customs Handicap "C" Class.

Once Round (about 7 furlongs 55 yards).

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 4.—Substitute Stakes: One Mile.

Value \$500. For all China ponies. Catch weights at 10 st. 9 lbs. Winners of one race this year, 5 lbs. penalty; of two races 7 lbs. penalty; of three or more races, 10 lbs. penalty. Subscription griffins of this Club of any season allowed 7 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$150.

## 5.—Lead Mine Handicap "B" Class: 1 1/2 Miles.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

## 6.—Pineapple Plate: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies that have started in Hong Kong at least twice this year and have not won any where more than one race this year. Winners 7 lbs. penalty. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 7.—Potamum Plate (Novices): One Mile.

For China ponies—weight for inches as per scale. Subscription griffins of this club of this season allowed 5 lbs. To be ridden by jockeys who have not won five flat races in Hong Kong, China or elsewhere. Jockeys, 2 lbs. extra for each race won. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 8.—Lead Mine Handicap "A" Class: 1 1/2 Miles.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

## THE ENTRIES.

## Race No. 4—Substitute Stakes.

Monterey Bay (Hau Un); Duke of Chantilly (Lau and Lee); Chesapeake Bay (Hinson and Wong); Christmas Chimes (Beith and Heard); Duke of Nieburg (Macgown); Huntington (John Peel); Winsome Stag (Chan Tin Sion); Tarmacadam (K. H. Kay); Grand Tattoo Eve (Eve).

## Race No. 6—Pineapple Plate.

Young Pretender (Dynasty); Monterey Bay (Hau Un); Fifty Fifty (Yam Man); One Third (Yam Man); Duke of Normandy II. (Lau Man); Lee; U. N. II. (Algonquin); As You Like It (Service); City Hall (Harbot); Duke of Nieburg (Macgown); Cream Cracker (Mrs. K. F. Beith); Skinfaxi (John Peel); Nookhall (John Peel); Glory (Cheng and Ng); Imperial Hall (Ho Kom Tong); Mowgli (Stanton and Reid); Buster (Stanton); Mount Elburz (Mrs. Sun); San Francisco (Bennett and Cave); Winsome Stag (Chan Tin Sion); Tarmacadam (K. H. Kay); Aberdeen (Mrs. R. M. Dyer); Fanling Stag (A. E. McCarty); Chow Tze Lon (John McCarty); Erin's Isle (Ullster).

## Race No. 7—Potamum Plate (Novices).

Half Pint (Splita); Big Ben (S. To Wong); Sunloch (Little); Duke of Milan (Lau and Lee); Ploughman (Lau and Lee); Pumpkin (Hynes and Mackie); Bintang (Kitchell); The Ptarmigan (Shenton); King's Parade (Service); Sopron (Service); Sunshine (Lobel); Mountain Air (Topside); Charleston (Sturt); The Jungle Book (Harbot); False Alarm (R. M. Austin); Armony (Mrs. R. M. Austin); Inca (Ip and Mo); Mirror Hall (Liang and Wong); Bowden (Manncian); Heretofore (Seth); Bronze Idol (Hee Cheong).

Besides Wyatt, the outstanding bowlers were, I think, Lacey and Fry. Of the bats, Kermani had a very good season, T. H. King was successful at the start, and there were a great number of men who must have finished up with averages of between 15 and 20—a very useful thing in Saturday afternoon cricket. And so, *au revoir*.

R. ABBIT.

## HOME FOOTBALL.

## MID-WEEK LEAGUE MATCH RESULTS.

## RELEGATION PROSPECTS.

The football matches in the English League played in mid-week provided an upset for Aston Villa, who still retain third place. Sheffield Wednesday beat the First Division League table with 51 points. Leicester City and Aston Villa being next in order with 48 points each. All these teams have three matches in hand. If the leaders succeed in gaining the points at Newcastle on Saturday, they will be Champions of the season. With a lead of five points over the others their position seems to be safe.

Portsmouth gained a valuable point at Liverpool which has carried them further away from the relegation zone. Burnley's success against Huddersfield on Tuesday has also helped them out of their difficulties. The week-end matches will make the relegation problem clearer. Cardiff City have less all hope of retaining their place and Bury will probably follow them.

The position at the top of Division III. (Southern) is interesting in view of Charlton gaining a point which has taken them alongside the leaders, Northampton, who have 49 points with three games in hand. Charlton, Luton and Queen's Park Rangers are one point behind the leaders each with four games left.

The Scottish Rangers registered another victory. Their record last season was 60 points, 109 goals for, 30 against. With four games still to play they have now 62 points, 10 goals for, 29 against.

Results of Wednesday's League matches as cable by Reuter follow:—

## Division I.

Liverpool ..... 0 Portsmouth ... 0  
Bolton ..... 3 Aston Villa ... 1

## Division II.

Chelsea ..... 2 West Brom. ... 5  
Charlton ..... 0 Fulham ..... 0  
Exeter ..... 4 Brighton ..... 1

## Division III. (Northern).

Crew ..... 3 Rotherham ..... 0  
South Shields 2 Barrow ..... 2

## Scottish League.

Celtic ..... 1 Queen's Park ... 2  
Motherwell ... 2 Rangers ..... 4

## GOLF.

## ROYAL HONG KONG GOLF CLUB.

## ADAMSON CUP (APRIL).

T. W. Carr 83-24-69-qualifies.  
Other scores:—  
F. E. Booker ..... 87-16-71  
S. Stacey ..... 96-24-72  
R. F. Clark ..... 87-13-74  
A. J. W. Doring 90-16-74  
Seven entries.

## LOH HWA TEAM.

## TO TOUR IN CENTRAL EUROPE.

It has been definitely arranged that the Chinese Athletic Association, Loh Hwa, shall tour central Europe, commencing in Italy and reaching England when football re-starts.

It is probable China will join the International Federation.

## AMUSING AMERICA.

## PROJECT TO SEARCH FOR NOAH'S ARK.

The whole United States has been amused by a proposal of Mr. William Strong, an engineer, to organize an expedition to search for Noah's Ark, which he would exhibit at the International Exposition to be held in 1933.

The original ark, however, will probably not be available for the fair as Mr. Strong has indicated that he is about ready to abandon his plan as a result of over-enthusiastic support.

Mr. Strong said his plan was to search the district around Mount Ararat where the ark landed, but that Americans offering to support the project had other ideas. One man in Texas offered a large contribution if the expedition would search a spot in that State, where, he said, he was certain he had seen the ark.

The town of Ararat, Utah, in the Mormon country, offered a contribution if the expedition would conduct a search for the ark in that State. Citizens of Ararat said Mormon records prove that Noah's ark floated to the Utah plains.

The National Research Council has treated the whole affair rather lightly, so the engineer believes his plan must be given up.

## BANKRUPTCY COURT.

## CLERK WHO SIGNED FOR FRIENDS.

## LIABILITIES OF \$23,000.

Li Kim, a clerk receiving a salary of \$100 a month, was stated to have liabilities amounting to \$23,140 when his affairs came before the Chief Justice at the Bankruptcy Court yesterday.

It appeared that the greater part of the liabilities had been incurred by signing promissory notes as guarantor for others. His own notes amounted to about \$2,000.

Mr. F. X. d'Almeida, appearing for the debtor, pointed out that the debtor had signed the notes in order to help others who were well to do. He said that the money lenders should have known that the man was a clerk receiving a small salary.

His Lordship granted a receiving order.

## A Pork Dealer's Affairs.

A pork dealer was questioned by the Official Receiver (Mr. E. L. Agassiz) when he came for public examination. He attributed his bankruptcy to inability to collect book debts and the fact that he lost several thousand dollars during the strike.

Questioned about an insurance policy which he had not disclosed, the debtor said that during the past three years the premium had been paid by his concubine. It was pointed out to him that during the month previous to the bankruptcy, he had spent \$1,900, mostly as payment in advance for his children's school fees. There was also an item of \$100 for ricksha hire and item, which he said, included certain living expenses.

Before the close of the examination debtor admitted owing two stalls and being the paid manager of another, which was said, in answer to questions on the subject, had been passed on to other people.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## AN UNSOLVED MYSTERY.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—It is now some considerable time since the "Hans v. Buses" grievance was ventilated in the local Press and with the apathy so unfortunately peculiar to Hong Kong, the question seems to have been allowed to fizzle out into obscurity. According to statements made at the general meeting of the Tramway Company, it would appear that a severe injustice was done to the Company, in connection with their request to the Government for permission to operate a "bus service" through the centre of the City.

As should be well known by this time, the Tramway Company applied on several occasions, dating back as long as three or four years ago, for permission to operate "buses" on the Queen's Road route, and their requests were refused on the grounds that the route was unsuited for such traffic. It is consequently little short of amazing that, when a similar application was put forward by the Hong Kong Hotel Co., the franchise was granted immediately, and "buses" as large as, if not more bulky than, any others in the Colony, are permitted to operate on an ideally the same route, for which the Tramway Co. had applied.

Competition in transport is most certainly essential, and of very material benefit to the general public, but the granting of the Queen's Road franchise to the Hotel Company is unfair in as much as that it goes further than introducing competition to the Tramway Company and actually constitutes the granting of a transport monopoly to the Hotel Company on a route which the Tramway Company have long recognised as needing special facilities, and which need they have only been prevented from fulfilling by reason of the attitude of the Government Department concerned.

That the "bus rights" on Queen's Road should have been withheld from the Tramway Company, and subsequently granted to the Hotel Company is most incomprehensible. I would make it clear that I am not maintaining that the sole rights of this route should necessarily be granted to the Tramway Company—on the other hand, competitive "bus services" on this route would be beneficial, but it seems only reasonable to expect that, when the Government suddenly realised that Queen's Road was not too narrow for "buses," the Tramway Company should have been placed on at least an equal footing with the Hotel Company as regards the operation of "buses."

(Continued on next Column).

## "THE RESCUE."

## CONRAD STORY FINELY FILMED.

## THE ORGAN TAKES A HAND.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

An excellent screen version of Joseph Conrad's story "The Rescue" is being shown at the Queen's today and to-morrow. It takes you into the Java seas into the world of romance, adventure and the sea of which Conrad always held the key. I do not know if the real Java has any relation to what I saw yesterday on the screen and I do not care if it has not; it is sufficient that it is a hauntingly beautiful background for a story which, for all its romance, rings true throughout.

There is something about the picture which is reminiscent of that wonderful Chinese film "The Three Kings" which was shown about eighteen months ago in Hong Kong. There are the same exquisitely designed, if barbaric, trappings, and which knows nothing of Wigam or Leonardo and Rembrandt are as unknown as the Underground or a modern factory. A film that can take you, even for an hour, into such an atmosphere is a film which is well worth seeing. Comparison with the Chinese film, however, makes you realise that the West is still groping blindly after that perfect sense of picture composition which is the essence of Oriental art. But if each scene is less perfect, each one follows the last and gives it meaning in a way that the tableaux of "The Three Kings" failed to do.

Ronald Colman plays "Tom Linard" and it is, I think, one of his best roles. He shows you the man, with his weakness and his strength, and never swamps him in the hero. Lily Damita plays the woman who broke in upon the romantic adventures of Linard in this modern world. Miss Damita too has played honestly, she does not try to make us like her. Travers, though we may pity her, perhaps even more than the fairy like Japanese Princess to whom she brings destruction of a dream and death.

The Japanese (?) who took the minor roles all play extraordinarily well and do much to contribute to the romantic and lovely effect of the picture. "The Rescue" is a film which should on no account be missed, for it is very rare indeed to meet such artistry combined with a good adventure story.

## Good Orchestral Effects.

Mr. H. E. Nicholson—the musical director of the Queen's Orchestra—has taken particular pains to choose suitable music which very much heightened the effect of the picture. The organ took its part, and seemed far more in sympathy with the tempo of the film than any ordinary combination of piano and violins could have been. Cinema goes get so accustomed to the orchestral accompaniment to a picture that they practically do not hear it. It is only if the music stops that you realise what great assistance it gives to the smooth running of the story. When however special music is played, as for "The Rescue" it is very obvious that it adds considerably to the enjoyment of the picture.

## CINEMA NEWS.

## "WIN THAT GIRL" COMING TO QUEEN'S.

"Win That Girl," said to be one of the best comedies of football ever brought to the screen, will be shown at the Queen's next Sunday. Carol is the heroine. She will be remembered for clever acting in "The Air Circus." David Rollins plays the hero.

After the prominence that was given to this question at the Tramway Company's general meeting, it is a little disappointing that the directors of the Company have apparently done nothing to remedy the situation or, if any such steps have been taken, nothing has been accomplished. The priority of their claim is so definite and the injustice done to the Tramway Company so indisputable, that one would have imagined a more astute, factory state of affairs would have been evident by now. In even the smallest Borough or Urban Council at home it would be possible to get a grievance of this nature thrashed out and rectified by the local authorities, and it is surely incumbent upon our non-official members of the Legislative Council here to investigate matters of this nature and see that no injustice has been done.

I must apologise for having taken up so much of your space, but I feel sure that my views will have the support of all fair-minded members of the Hong Kong community.—Yours faithfully,

ADMITTEDLY INTERESTED.  
Hong Kong, April 18.

## HONG KONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

## [ORDERS BY LT.-COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O., C.B.E., COMMANDANT.]

No. 18/29.

## 1.—Ceremonial Parade.

All ranks who have volunteered to represent the Corps on the occasion of the landing of H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester in the Colony will parade at Corps Headquarters on Monday, April 22, fall in 6 p.m. sharp. Dress: Review order.

No man not attending the above parade will be allowed to represent the Corps on Thursday, April 25.

Thursday, April 25. Parade on the Cricket ground at 10 a.m. Dress: Review order.

## 2.—Musketry.

The Scottish Company will fire Table "T" at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, April 21, 1929.

Range Officer: 2/Lieut. H. R. Forsyth.

Launce will leave Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and call at Kowloon Pier at 9.10 a.m.

Dress: Musketry order, i.e., rifle, belt, bayonet, braces and pouches. Uniform or multi optional.

Arms will be drawn from Corps Headquarters on Friday, April 19, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon, 2 and 4 p.m., or 5 and 6 p.m., and on Saturday, April 20, between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m.

## 3.—Corps Band.

The Band will parade as strong as possible at 5.30 p.m. on Monday, April 22, at Headquarters. Dress: Multi.

## 4.—Engineer Company.

The attention of all ranks is drawn to Corps Order No. 1.

## 5.—Mounted Infantry Company.

Friday, April 26. All ranks will parade at Causeway Bay Stables at 5.30 p.m. for mounted drill.

## 6.—Machine Gun Company.

The attention of all ranks of the Company is drawn to this Corps Order para. 1 regarding full dress rehearsal parade on Monday, April 22, for arrival of the Duke of Gloucester.

## 7.—Scottish Company.

There will be no parades on Thursday, April 25, 1929.

Musketry: Attention of all ranks is drawn to to-day's Corps Orders, para. 2. This is the last opportunity for members of the Scottish Company to fire Table "T" for the Training Season 1929-1930.

Range Officer: 2/Lieut. H. R. Forsyth.

## 8.—Portuguese Company.

Attention of all ranks is drawn to Corps Order No. 1. Ceremonial Parade.

## PART I. MUSKETRY.

All those of the Company who have not yet fired Part I. Musketry this Season, are reminded that Sunday, April 28, is the day allotted to the Company to do so, also the time of the launches is half hour earlier, i.e., the launch will leave Queen's Pier at 8.30 a.m., and call at Kowloon Pier at 8.40 a.m.

Range Officer: 2/Lieut. J. S. Rodrigues.

## N.C.O.'S PARADE.

Friday, April 19. All N.C.O.'s are reminded that they are expected to be on parade at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

## PARADES.

There will be no parades on Friday, April 19.

## 9.—Strength.

The following recruits have been taken on the strength and posted as under:—

No. 1488 Pte. W. C. K. Mackie, No. 6 Platoon, as from April 13, 1929.

No. 1487 Pte. G. C. Moss, No. 4 Section, "M.G. Co., as from April 16, 1929.

## 10.—Promotion.

No. 1370 Pte. J. Murray, Reserve Co., is promoted to Lance-Sergeant, as from April 16, 1929.

H.E. the Governor has awarded the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal to Capt. A. M. Thornhill, Reserve Co., H.K.V.D.C., on April 10, 1929.

## 11.—Long Service Medal.

No. 699 Spr. C. Strange, Engineer Co., having returned from leave, rejoined for duty on March 16, 1929.

No. 985 Pte. J. H. Gelling, Reserve Co., having returned from leave, rejoined for duty on April 17, 1929.

No. 540 Pte. W. Beveridge, Armoured Car Section, from March 23 to September 22, 1929.

No. 1187 Sigm. C. J. Waddell, Signals, from April 27, 1929 to April 26, 1930.

Lieut. S. Jarvis, M.C. Portuguese Co., from May 11, 1929, to January 16, 1930.

No. 1369 Pte. G. A. V. Hall, No. 3 Section, from April 15 to 30, 1929.

No. 411 C.S.M. R. W. Lee-Jones, Reserve Co., from May 4, 1929, to January 31, 1930.

No. 727 Sergt. W. H. Owen, Engineer Company, from May 15, 1929, to March 14, 1930.

(Continued on next Column).

## WARRIOR OR REFORMER?

## DEBATE AT Y.M.C.A.

There was a very lively debate at the European Y.M.C.A. last night on the motion that "the Warrior has done more to benefit humanity than the Reformer."

Opening the discussion Mr. A. A. Dand took the example of the French Revolution, an uprising of the people, and a fighting uprising against a weak corrupt government full of good intentions. He then contrasted the vigour and the wisdom of Napoleon the warrior with the bungling and the cruelty of reformers like Marat and Robespierre. The Great War, for all its horrors had helped the country and brought in a new idea of fellowship.

Mr. P. Sands, in reply, said that while the warrior was rewarded with a blaze of glory the reformer usually got something very different. He was up against the inertia of humanity and against the tyranny of good form. The warrior was reckless and destructive. He was considered not necessarily for himself only but for his party and his country, with no thought for the other fellow.

War was uneconomic and retrogressive and though the Great War might have benefited aviation it had put the progress of humanity back by fifty years.

Mr. Jeevas



Haig

TO OPEN  
Remove capsule  
raise lever and  
push upwards.TO CLOSE  
Replace cap  
and push  
lever down.NEW BOTTLE SEAL  
(NO CORKSCREW)

QUICK - CLEAN - SAFE

Nobody can put better Whisky  
into any bottle than that which  
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Sufferers from acidity  
find it preferable to  
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MUTTON

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VEAL

RABBITS 70 cts. each. TRIPE 30 cts. per lb.

Also Finest Selection of

OX TONGUES, OX LIVER,  
OX TAILS, CALVES LIVER,  
LAMBS LIVER.CANADIAN DAIRY FED PORK  
DANISH BACON  
AUSTRALIAN BUTTER \$1.00 per lb.  
Sausages made fresh daily.

ICE

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## DAIRY FARM POULTRY

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Keep **PEPS** always handy  
for **COUGHS, COLDS & CHILLS**

Chemists and medicine dealers everywhere sell Peps

## Money and Markets

## HONG KONG MARKET REPORTS.

Quotations at yesterday's local market for rice and other foodstuffs were as follows:-

Rice	Per Picul
Black Seal, granulated	\$3.11
Black Seal, Bran	2.68
Green Seal, Broken	3.08
Green Seal, granulated	3.01
Red Seal, No. 1	5.93
Green Seal, No. 1 granulated	5.89
Green Seal, No. 2 granulated	5.64
Red Seal, No. 2 granulated	5.61
Black Seal, No. 2 granulated	5.61
Green Seal, No. 3	6.20
Green Seal, No. 1 Pokmei	5.77
Red Seal, Glutinous broken	6.56
Red Seal, No. 1 Glutinous	6.13
Red Seal, No. 1 Glutinous granulated	6.19
Green Seal, No. 1 Glutinous broken	6.66
Ching Shin, Big Glutinous	7.57
Miscellaneous.	
No. 24 coarse granulated sugar	\$ 7.58
Melon Seeds, Newchwang	14.20
Scarlet Bean	8.00
Dried Persimmon, Big Moon	18.00
Green Tea	17.00
Cocoa-nut Oil	20.00
Aniseed	18.00
White Grapes	37.00

## CANTON RAW SILK MARKET.

WEEK ENDING APRIL 16.

Small, but regular daily transactions with New York have helped to stabilize prices for qualities for that market. Lyons continues quiet and dull and a few lots have changed hands at reduced prices.

First Crop.—It is estimated that this crop will give a yield of 7,000 bales, of good quality silk. It is reported that the price of cocoons of the first crop are above the present parity of silk values, and this explains the firmer attitude of holders.

The close shows a quiet market but prices appear to be firm.

Quotations are:-  
14/16 N.S. Crack Chops Mex. \$1.020  
20/22 N.S. Ex. Ex. A. 960  
13/15 O.S. Best L. 1,015

## THE FUTURE OF F.M.S. RUBBER.

AN EXPERT'S OPINION.

THE "RUBBER AGE."

Mr. J. W. Kennedy, President of the Malay Peninsula Agricultural Association, spoke at the annual meeting of the members of that Association at Nibong Tebal. With regard to labour he said that the number of State-aided labourers recruited from India last year was the smallest for many years, the total number arriving in Malaya last year being only 27,240, as against 123,826 in 1927 and 149,414 in 1928. The year 1928 saw a very substantial falling off in the demand for labour from South India—apparently because most estates had satisfied their requirements during 1926 and 1927. On the question of the sex-ratio he urged all employers of South Indian labour to recruit as many families or females as possible.

Regarding the question of standard wages he said that much bitter criticism and comment was, he thought, born of misunderstanding. Happily that feeling had subsided as a result of the better understanding of the position by planters generally. It was unfortunate that rates of wages had to be increased at a time that was not exactly the most opportune, but progress with the fixation of standard rates of wages had to be made and the result was inevitable. Standard rates of wages had been fixed for certain districts while all kangany licences had now to be endorsed with a wage minimum of 50 and 40 cents for males and females respectively. This latter procedure would automatically bring the whole of Malaya under the increased wage rates.

Better Standard of Living.  
In regard to wages to estate labourers, Mr. Kennedy said that while many, no doubt, felt that the Tamil labourer was pretty comfortable on the old rates of wages, they had to remember that the general standard of living tended to increase the world over and, therefore, their Tamil labour could be no exception to the rule. Conditions in Malaya had, in the past, been made sufficiently attractive to ensure a steady flow of labour from India and it is up to them to maintain their reputation in that respect and, if they did so, there need be little apprehension as regards a sufficient supply of Indian labour for all their future needs.

Touching on the future of the rubber industry, he quoted from a statement made by Mr. Wm. Duncan, Chairman of the Rubber Growers Association in London:—"I believe that we are but on the threshold of what will become known as the Rubber Age and that during the next decade we shall see expansion in the consumption of rubber undreamed of even a few years ago." Such a statement, he said, coming from one who is so highly esteemed by the rubber industry should hearten those who may still entertain doubts as to the brightness of the industry's future. The other product which this Association is largely interested in is that of copra.

Copra Industry.  
The year 1928 was a good average as regards crops, and while price for copra was extremely good at the beginning of the year at round about \$12 per picul, it gradually fell until the end of the year when a price of just under \$10 was reached.

The cultivation of coconuts is on the increase though it now has a strong competitor in oil palm cultivation. Research work on the preparation of copra is badly wanted by the industry, and in this connection it is understood that the Agricultural Department is about to undertake extensive work in this direction.—Straits Times.

## CANTON FLOUR MARKET.

The flour market has been dull for some time and not a few flour merchants have had considerable losses. With the approach of hot weather, when flour can not be kept too long, the merchants are anxious to sell off their stocks and thus the market is overcrowded. Prices have fallen both in Canton and Hong Kong. Latest quotations at the Canton market are as follows:-

Cabbage	\$4.48
Big mandarin orange	4.16
Gambel	4.19
Pat Kwei	4.10
Kwan Ying	4.07
Jade Cup	4.07
Fa Ngun	4.18
Five Swallows	4.12
Banana	4.12
Big Cannon	4.50
Dog's Head	4.25
Red Casket	4.08
Golden Ox	4.08
Kung Wo	3.94
Rainbow	3.94
Double Flags	4.06

## CANTON STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

CANTON, April 17.	
Waters Works	4.00
Electric Light & Power	4.50
Canton-Hankow Railway	0.50
The Sun Company	92.00
Sincere Company	113.00
Nanyang Bros. Tob. Co.	4.80
Canton Tramways	2.60
China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co.	53.00
Central Bank of China	48.00

## HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

April 18, 1929.	
H.K. Bank	\$1.245 sel. 1240 nom.
Do., London	\$1.021 nom.
Chartered Bank	\$1.14 buy.
Maritime Bank, A. S. S.	\$1.03 nom.
Do., O. S. S.	\$1.01 nom.
P. & O. Bank	\$1.01 nom.
East Asia Bank	\$1.01 nom.
Canton Insurance	\$1.01 buy.
Union Insurance	\$1.01 buy.
North China Ins.	\$1.01 buy.
Yangtze Insurance	\$1.01 buy.
China Underwriters	\$1.01 buy.
China Marine Insurance	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. Fire Ins.	\$1.01 buy.
Donghai	\$1.01 sel.
H.K. Steamship	\$1.01 sel.
H.K. Tug	\$1.01 sel.
Indo-China (Prof.)	\$1.01 nom.
Do. (Def.)	\$1.01 nom.
Ball Transport	\$1.01 nom.
Union Waterworks	\$1.01 nom.
Baguette	\$1.01 buy.
Asian Mining	\$1.01 nom.
Langkai (combined)	\$1.01 nom.
Do. (single)	\$1.01 nom.
S'hai Explorations	\$1.01 sel.
Shanghai Loans	\$1.01 sel.
Sau	\$1.01 nom.
Tranah Mines	\$1.01 nom.
H.K. & K. Wharves	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. & W. Dock	\$1.01 buy.
China Prospects	\$1.01 buy.
Longhai	\$1.01 buy.
New Engineering	\$1.01 buy.
Shanghai Dock	\$1.01 buy.
Two Cottons	\$1.01 nom.
Unental Cottons	\$1.01 buy.
S'hai Cottons (old)	\$1.01 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$1.01 nom.
H.K. Lands	\$1.01 buy.
Shanghai Lands	\$1.01 buy.
Hampshire Estates	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. Realities	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. Tramways	\$1.01 buy.
Peak Tram (old)	\$1.01 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.01 buy.
Star Ferries	\$1.01 nom.
China Light	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. Electric	\$1.01 nom.
Macao Electric	\$1.01 nom.
Sanitary Lights	\$1.01 sel.
Telephone	\$1.01 sel.
China Bums	\$1.01 buy.
Singapore Tractors	\$1.01 nom.
Do. (Prof.)	\$1.01 buy.
China Sugars	\$1.01 sel.
Malayan Sugars	\$1.01 buy.
Canton Ice	\$1.01 buy.
Cement (combined)	\$1.01 buy.
Do. (old)	\$1.01 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. Paper	\$1.01 sel.
United Asbestos	\$1.01 nom.
Dairy Farms	\$1.01 sel.
Watsons	\$1.01 nom.
Der A. Wings	\$1.01 buy.
Lane Crawford	\$1.01 sel.
Macintosh	\$1.01 buy.
Sincere	\$1.01 buy.
Wm. Poyells	\$1.01 nom.
H.K. Amusements	\$1.01 buy.
H.K. Construction	\$1.01 sel.
Yong Lok	\$1.01 nom.
H.K. Cort. Loans	\$1.01 prom. buy.

## EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE]

Rupee, April 17.	
Paris	124.27
New York	4.85 13/16
Brussels	34.85
Geneva	25.22
Amsterdam	12.08
Milan	25.70
Berlin	15.14
Stockholm	15.21
Copenhagen	15.20
Cole	24.58
Vincent	164
Prague	163
Helsingfors	163
Madrid	32.80
Lisbon	106
Athens	375
Bucharest	816
Rio	5 57/64
Buenos Aires	47 5/16
Bombay	1/5 29/32
Shanghai	2/8
Hong Kong	1/11
Yokohama	1/9 29/32
Silver (spot)	25
Silver (forward)	25

## OIL MERGER IN U.S.

New York, April 10.—An announcement is expected soon of a merger between the Continental and the Marland oil companies, it was reported in Wall Street today.

Officials of the two companies said some details of the amalgamation scheme remain to be worked out, but that negotiations are proceeding smoothly.

A statement regarding the negotiations will be issued shortly. According to one rumour, the Union Oil Co. also is included in the proposed merger.

## GERMAN-SOVIET BANKS IN AGREEMENT.

Berlin, April 11.—The Reichsbank has concluded an agreement with the Soviet state bank for the facilitation of private cash remittances between Germany and the Soviet Union.

## JOURNALISTS MEET.

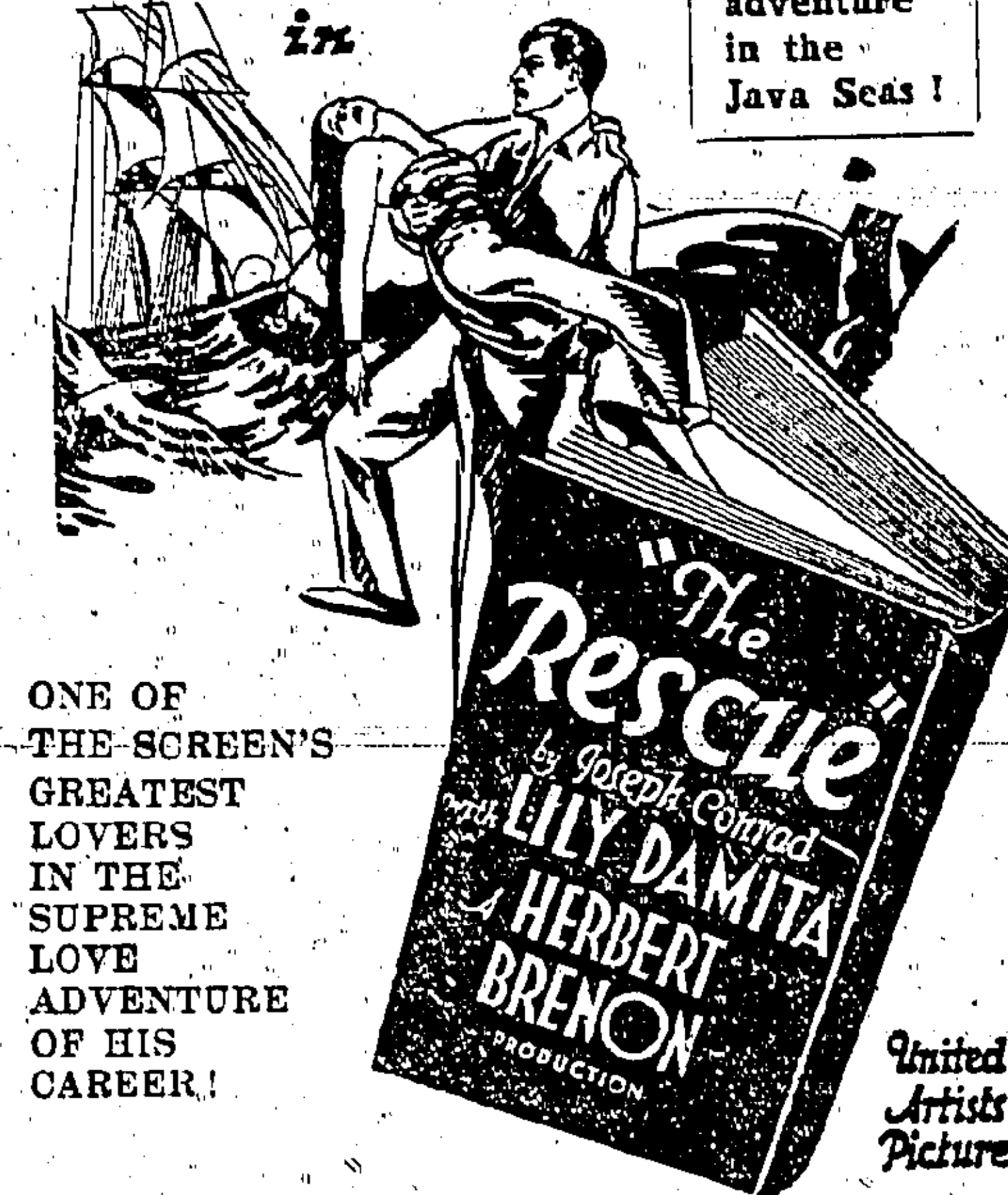
HOLD CONFERENCE IN PRAGUE.

Prague, April 5.—The executive committee of the International Journalists' Federation is meeting here for a two days' conference. It was welcomed by the vice-president of the House of Representatives.

## ROMANCE FROM THE PAGES OF A MASTER ROMANCIER!

RONALD COLMAN

Joseph Conrad's famous story of adventure in the Java Seas!



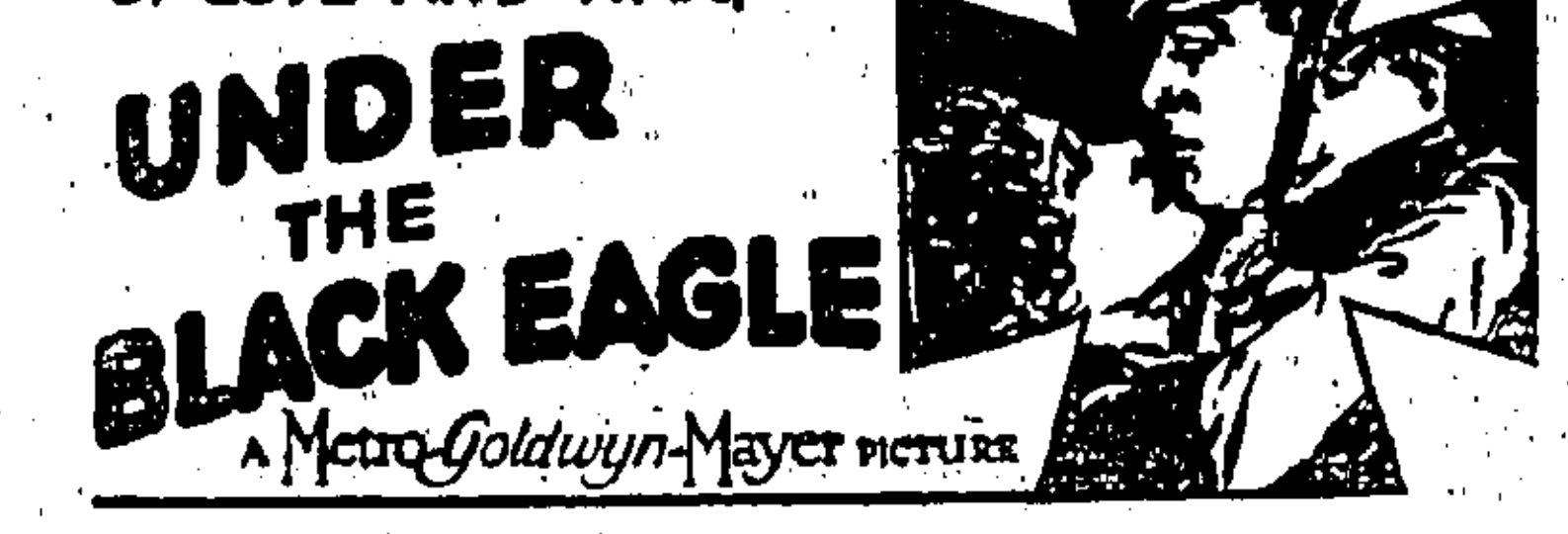
ONE OF THE SCREEN'S GREATEST LOVERS IN THE SUPREME LOVE ADVENTURE OF HIS CAREER!

AT THE QUEEN'S

TO-DAY &amp; TO-MORROW At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 &amp; 9.20.

## "FLAS!" THE NEW DOG STAH, RALPH FORBES AND MARCELINE DAY IN-

A THRILLING STORY OF LOVE AND WAR!



UNDER THE BLACK EAGLE  
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

AT THE WORLD TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW Orchestra 5.15 & 9.20. Interpreter 2.30 & 7.15.

## PEP—DASH—THRILLS!

—One mad night and one mad day with Denny, playing crook to win the most beautiful girl in the world!

REGINALD DENNY

IN

GOOD MORNING, JUDGE

AT THE STAR TO-DAY at 5.30 Only. TO-MORROW at 2.30 & 5.30.

9.15—THE ENGLISH COMEDY CO.—9.15

## FANLING HUNT

STEEPLECHASES

SUNDAY 21st APRIL.

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

PRECEDE TRADE VIEW.

Moscow, April 6.—Addressing the British industrial delegation, the Vice President of the Soviet State Bank, M. Biatakov, declared that the re-establishment of Anglo-Soviet diplomatic relations must be regarded as the preliminary condition for the resumption and revival of normal economic relations between the two countries which otherwise would be continuously jeopardized.

Circles closely connected with the Soviet authorities believe that this declaration was made in order to point out to the British delegates that the optimism expressed by them concerning the certainty of an early resumption of diplomatic relations independent of the outcome of the general elections in Great Britain could not be regarded as a sufficient guarantee for the resumption of normal economic relations inasmuch as the outcome of the recently concluded oil peace was still uncertain.

NEGRO DANCER GREETED BY UPROAR.

Agram, April 11.—Nationalistic students caused tumultuous scenes here at the first appearance of the well-known Negro dancer Josephine Baker.

## STAR

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THE ENGLISH COMEDY Co.

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TO-NIGHT

At 9.15 p.m.

ROOKERY NOOK

By Ben Travers.

To-morrow "OTHER MEN'S WIVES"

By Walter Hickley.

Sunday April 21. "THE BEST PEOPLE"

Prices: 2s, 2s &amp; 1s. Booking at Moutrie's and Theatre.





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His Majesty King George V.

**PURE SCOTCH LIQUEUR  
WHISKY**  
10 years old.

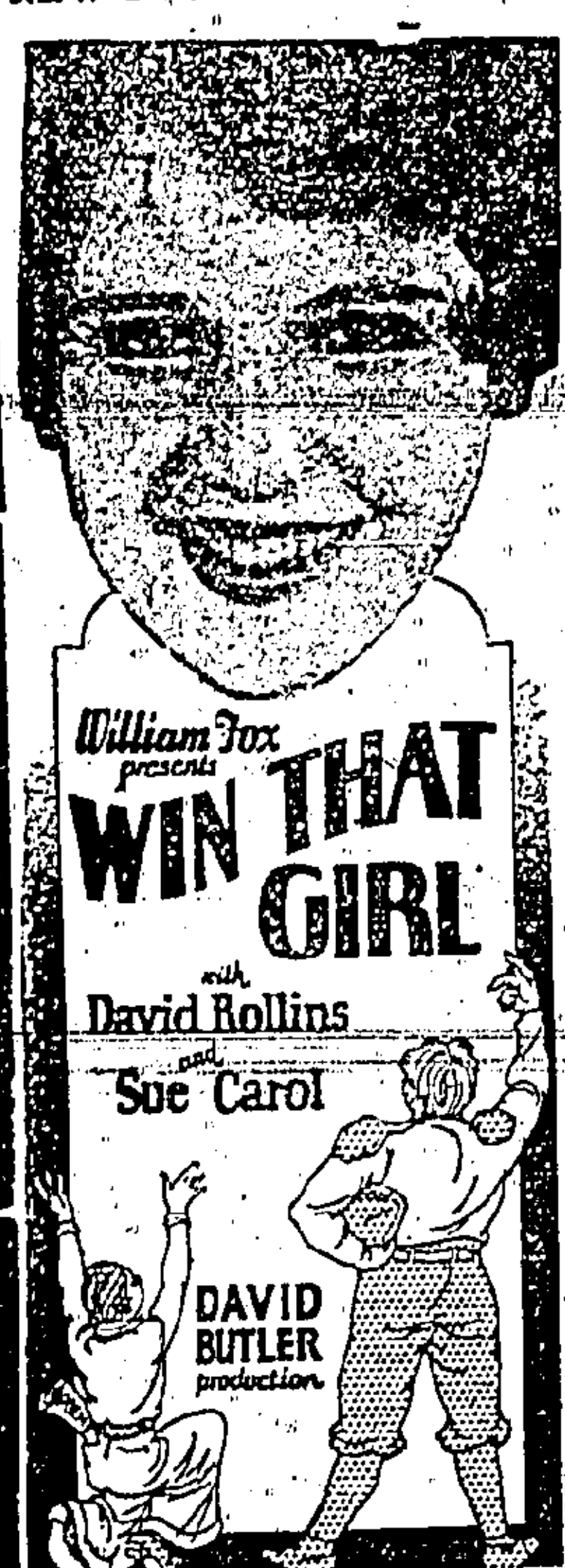
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you can have no better than  
Ballantine's Liqueur Whisky. It is  
excellent.

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**NEW FOOTBALL COMEDY!**



COMING TO THE  
**QUEEN'S  
SUNDAY &  
MONDAY**



## AVIATION IN CHINA.

AN AMERICAN PLANE FOR  
YUNNANFU.

TRIALS AT KAI TACK  
AERODROME.

Under the supervision of Mr. Earl F. Baskey, the representative of Messrs. L. E. Gale & Company, Shanghai, the Agents for many large Aeroplane Manufacturers in America, a Ryan B.1 Mahoney Monoplane has been assembled at the Kai Tack Aerodrome, Kowloon City for the Yunnanese Government. Several trial flights have been made and the plane has shown itself satisfactory in every detail.

On Wednesday afternoon, when it was assembled, the American Consul, Mr. Shantz, and Mr. Muccio, accompanied by lady friends, visited the Kai Tack Aerodrome where they were given trial joy rides on the new plane. General Liu, of the Yunnanese Government and Captain Young, hero of the recent inland China flight, have also arrived from Canton to test the plane before taking it over. It is the intention of the prospective owners to fly the machine from Hong Kong to Canton and thence to Yunnanfu. Several Chinese aviators are due to arrive in Hong Kong where they will receive detailed instructions about the plane from Mr. Baskey.

General Liu, told our representative that he was very pleased with the plane as far as it had been tested; and remarked that there was already a machine of similar make in Yunnanfu. It was the intention of the Yunnanese Government to purchase a more of these planes, and operate a passenger and mail service between Canton, Yunnanfu and Kwangsi.

Captain Young, said that the machine now at the Aerodrome was the "sister-ship" of the "Spirit of Canton," which carried out the successful flight from Canton to Mukden and back. He was full of praise for the machine and remarked that the engine ran beautifully having a carrying weight of 1,500 lbs. including five passengers. The machine was very useful for mail and parcel service. Two planes similar to "The Spirit of Canton" had recently done very good work in transporting officers to the border, and with regard to the new machine, Captain Young said that it was remarkably clean after each flight. Very little oil from the engine was deflected on the body.

A Pioneer Aviator.

Mr. Baskey was very emphatic about the prospects of flying in China. He was somewhat surprised to learn that nothing in the way of a passenger service had been started between Hong Kong and Shanghai. Speaking of the plane, Mr. Baskey said that it was an exact replica of Col. Lindbergh's "Spirit of St. Louis." He was the representative of the L. E. Gale Company of Shanghai who are the agents for many well-known planes, as "The American Eagle," "Wings," and the "Stinson" planes. The latter type was used by Messrs. Brock and Ryink on their world flight when they came to Hong Kong.

The head office in Shanghai were, he said, very interested in aviation in China, and had ordered a large stock of spare parts for their machines. They had sold five Ryan planes to the Hankow Government and it was hoped that the Yunnan Government would follow the good example set by the other Governments.

Speaking of his experience in aviation, Mr. Baskey said that he had been flying for over 15 years. He served in the Great War, and later in the U.S.A. Air Mail Service. He was one of the pioneer pilots who made the first trip between Chicago and St. Louis, in 1910.

In conclusion, Mr. Baskey was full of praise for the officials of the Kai Tack Aerodrome who he said had been very kind to him and had helped in every way possible.

**The Ryan-Mahoney Plane.**

The Ryan B.1 monoplane which is being sold to the Yunnanese Government might be called a real luxury plane. The interior might be compared to an expensive car. The machine looks very handsome with its aluminium finish, and polished duralumin engine cover. The plane is fitted for five passengers and has purple velvet lining throughout the cabin, in which the seats are titled like those of a motor-car.

The body is constructed of steel tubes and fabric covering. The engine is a 220 H.P. 9 cylinder Wright Whirlwind motor, which has made history for itself. The "Triplex" windows on each side of the cabin may be moved at the pleasure of the passenger and the cabin is completely covered in. Two wide doors are provided on each side. The machine has a steel propeller, and Gruse Aero Shock absorbers which work very efficiently. The wings have the "Clark Y" wing curve which is said to have exceptional lifting powers. The petrol fuel is carried in both wings eliminating all fumes from the cabin. Another feature is the wheel fitted to the tail, and mounted on a rubber shock absorber, used instead of a dragging stick. The use of this is made possible by the brakes (Continued at foot of next column).

## CORPORAL DUNCAN INJURED.

RIGHT HAND CRUSHED IN  
AMMUNITION HOIST.

AMPUTATION MAY BE  
NECESSARY.

An accident of a serious nature occurred on board H.M.S. Kent yesterday morning when Corporal Duncan, Royal Marines, had his right hand badly crushed in an ammunition hoist. First aid was immediately rendered by the ship's medical staff, but it was evident that serious fractures had been sustained, and he was immediately rushed to the Naval Hospital at Wanchai.

Enquiries made by the Daily Press at the hospital yesterday afternoon elicited the information that an X-ray examination and an operation would take place last night. The opinion was expressed that amputation might be necessary. If not, the hand was likely to be permanently deformed. Corporal Duncan was in a badly shaken condition upon arrival at the hospital but, later in the evening, was said to be more composed.

"Shanghai's Favourite."

The accident will probably terminate Duncan's career as a boxer. Known as "Shanghai's Favourite," he achieved fame as a fighter of repute in the North, defeating, among others, the British, French, American, and Russian champions of Shanghai.

Winning a series of contests, he sustained only one defeat when he was knocked out, returning the compliment with interest in an unofficial bout a few days later.

Corporal Duncan is held in great esteem, not only in the Service, but in civilian sporting circles as well. Hong Kong has not had the pleasure of seeing him box because—and one can quite sympathize with his viewpoint—the purses offered locally, we understand, were too small to tempt him into the arena.

"Whatever course his injury takes, I do not think Corporal Duncan will be able to box again," said an officer to our representative. "No doubt, had he not sustained this injury, he would have made a name for himself as a boxer outside the Service."

We learn that the ship's company of H.M.S. Kent were at "general quarters," practising "action" routine, when the accident occurred in a gun turret.

One of his messmates described him as "the most popular man in the ship," quite apart from any consideration of his boxing prowess.

## MURDER OF SAMPAN GIRLS RECALLED.

ARREST OF "WANTED" MAN.

According to a police report, a Chinese has been arrested at Tai Ping (Chinese Territory) recently in connection with the murder of two sampan girls in the harbour six weeks ago.

It will be recalled that the two girls were sent ashore by their father to negotiate some business for their junk but failed to return. A fohi named Chau Kau was sent in search of them. He was accompanied by the master's son.

The second also party also failed to come back and the father then made a report to the police, with the result that one girl was found dead in a sampan and the dead body of the other was discovered later. It was alleged that the fohi, who was missing, had also attacked his master's son, who escaped by jumping into the water. He was picked up and sent to the Kowloon Hospital.

A reward of two hundred dollars had since been offered by the father for the arrest of the missing fohi.

## "THE FANATICS."

FULL HOUSE AT STAR THEATRE.

There was a full house at the Star last night, many being turned away.

Much interest had been shown in "The Fanatics," a comedy which had a sensational success in London.

Many of the scenes are laid during the War when the atmosphere was so vastly different to that of normal days.

The family in the play includes a young son and daughter, the former ardently in love and the latter a stranger to it. The depiction of the ups and downs of the household by these young folks, and the situations which arise during the course of the play were thoroughly appreciated by the audience.

To-night the Company will present "Rookery Nook."

fitted to the wheels. The plane can land on a very small field. Throughout the plane, inspecting flaps are fitted with "Lightning fasteners," which make inspection of the control cables and rear tail mechanism a short job. The machine costs \$14,500 Gold.

## INDIAN CONSTABLE FINED.

TWO CHARGES WITHDRAWN.

"MISTAKEN IDENTITY"  
DEFENCE FAILS.

Before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy the Indian constable who was charged with being absent from duty and under the influence of drink on April 10, was convicted on the former charge and fined \$30 or three weeks' imprisonment.

Mr. L. H. C. Calthrop, A.S.P., Kowloon, prosecuted, and Mr. H. J. Armstrong represented the defendant.

At the previous hearing the Magistrate suggested that the three charges be heard separately and if possible dealt with departmentally. Yesterday Mr. Calthrop told the Magistrate that he had decided to withdraw the two charges of being drunk and have them dealt with departmentally. However, he would continue with the first charge—viz., of being absent from duty at the Kowloon Water Works from 9 a.m. to noon on April 10. Mr. Calthrop also wished it to be understood that the prosecution were not withdrawing the charges because of insufficient evidence, but merely to accede to the Magistrate's suggestion to have them dealt with departmentally.

Mr. Armstrong said that should the two charges be withdrawn, he would ask that his client might leave the Court without a stain on his character in regard to them. He suggested that the charges should be dropped altogether. It would be grossly unfair if they were taken up again after having been withdrawn in Court.

The defendant went into the box and spoke of having gone on patrol as ordered. He left the Station at 11.30 a.m., and went back to the Shamshui Police Station. In the afternoon he went to Hong Kong, returning at 7.30 p.m.

## A Question of Time.

Mr. Armstrong in his submission to the Magistrate said that it would appear that Inspector Munro was under a misapprehension when he thought that he saw the defendant in Nathan Road that morning at 9.55 a.m. Evidence had been given, and by the prosecution, that his client was patrolling the hills at that hour, and, furthermore, his signature appeared in the checking book at 10.30 a.m. There was evidence that he handed over his revolver at 11.30 a.m.

The Magistrate said that he could not believe that Inspector Munro and Sergeant Brittain could have made such a mistake. They were efficient officers, trained to make note of what they saw.

Mr. Armstrong replied that it was a case of a white man's evidence against an Indian guard.

In convicting the defendant, the Magistrate said it was a "serious offence."

## NEWS FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

### THE NITRATE INDUSTRY.

The Chilean representative of the nitrate producers, Mr. Klammer, declared on his return to Chile that the United States offers great opportunities for the use of Chilean nitrate, especially in view of the remarkable results that have been obtained thus far by the use of this natural fertilizer.

During the last week of March 849,231 quintals of nitrate were exported to Europe.

The Press publishes information given by the American engineer, Ralph Cady, on the possibility of building a new Peruvian port a mile and a half north of Arica. This is of importance because of its bearing on the solving of the Tacna-Arica problem, Peru's desire to possess a southern port being a factor of consideration.

One million, two hundred thousand tons of Chilean coal have been sold in Concepcion for Peru.

Negotiations have been started with the proper authorities in Peru for the establishment of a postal money-order service.

Custom-house receipts up to February 23 totalled 48,690,037 pesos.

The Treasury balance for January shows a surplus of 60,210,713 pesos, further evidence of Chile's excellent financial condition.

The Chilean training warship General Bagoedano has just arrived at Valparaiso, after a world tour, together with the new destroyers Serrano, Orella, and Simpson, just built in British yards for the Chilean Government.

The marriage of Mr. Archibald Clark Kerr, British Minister, and Senorita Maria Teresa Diaz Salas, a prominent, Chilean society lady, will take place at the end of this month.

The French Minister of Aviation has sent a letter to the War Minister congratulating him on the fine development of Chilean aviation.

The bi-weekly air line between Santiago and Arica has been de-

positively established. Military aviators carry air mail and passengers. Special planes of the most modern (Continued on next Column).

## SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN EXPLAINS.

HIS TALK WITH MUSSOLINI.

INTERNATIONAL SITUATION DISCUSSED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 17.

In the House of Commons to-day, Sir Austen Chamberlain was asked to give the substance of his recent conversations with Signor Mussolini at Florence.

He said:—"Having decided, for personal reasons, to spend Easter week at Florence, I asked His Majesty's Ambassador to inform Signor Mussolini of my intention and to say what pleasure it would give me to see him again, if, as I thought possible, he himself were to be in the neighbourhood."

Signor Mussolini, who was spending a few days at Forlì, was good enough to say that he would see me. This was the fifth occasion on which we have met, including our first meeting at Rome in 1924, and I welcomed it as giving me another opportunity for such an exchange of views with him as I habitually have with other foreign Ministers at Geneva.

"No special importance attached to the meeting, and no subjects were proposed for discussion at it, but, as was natural, we passed in review the general European situation as well as the relation between our two countries, which are, happily, of a most cordial character."

"It will not be forgotten that Great Britain and Italy are guarantors of the Treaty of Locarno and have thus a common interest in the maintenance of peace and the promotion of good relations among all signatories of that Treaty."

## MR. MELLON'S OFFICE.

COMMITTEE DECIDES IN HIS FAVOUR.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, April 17.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate which has been enquiring into the legality of Mr. Mellon's continuance in office as Secretary to the Treasury, has decided that Mr. Mellon might continue in office in Mr. Hoover's Cabinet without re-nomination.

## TARIFFS IN U.S.A.

NEW BILL FOR THEIR RE-ADJUSTMENT.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, April 17.

The Washington correspondent of the Herald-Tribune says that it is reported among the leaders of the House of Representatives that only about 15 per cent. of the rates under the old Fordney-Cotton tariff will be readjusted by the new Smoot-Hawley bill.

The changes are mainly upward revisions in agricultural items.

## AUSTRALIAN MINING DEADLOCK.

CONFERENCE ADJOURNED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SYDNEY, April 18.

The conference of mineowners and miners considering the Australian coal situation, which is at a deadlock over the miners' suggestion for re-opening the mines, and the future conduct of the industry, has been adjourned sine die.

type are being assembled in El Bosque aerodrome to be added to this service.

The Santiago daily El Mercurio, which, like the rest of the Chilean Press, has spoken highly of the inauguration of President Hoover and praised Mr. Hoover personally, declared that the Tacna-Arica problem will soon pass into his hands for definite settlement. It was greatly hoped that this would take place during the Coolidge Administration, but despite Chile's ardent desire to have this problem disposed of, it seems that a short time must still elapse before the consummation can be achieved. In this connection El Mercurio asks: "Will it be Mr. Hoover's honour to put the definite seal on the friendship that should permanently unite Chileans and Peruvians?"

The Austrian bacteriologist, Mr. Krauss, took charge of the new Bacteriological Institute in Santiago in accordance with a contract offered him by the Minister of Education.

Military manoeuvres, involving 25,000 men are being conducted. President Carlos Ibanez and General Eche, of the German Army, will review the troops.

It is announced that Mr. Daniel Guggenheim, head of a world-famous firm very closely identified with most important developments of Chilean nitrate industry and commerce, has made a donation of 500,000 dollars for the creation of a school of civil aviation in Chile.

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Pres. McKinley, Tue. May 21, 9 a.m. Pres. Jefferson, Tue. May 28, 9 a.m.  
Pres. Grant, Tue. May 28, 9 a.m. Pres. Lincoln, Tue. June 4, 9 a.m.

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Pres. Hayes, Sun. May 19, 8 a.m. Pres. Harrison, Sun. June 30, 8 a.m.

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Pres. Jackson, Apr. 27, 6 p.m. Pres. Jefferson, May 21, 6 p.m.  
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SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHOW"	On 21st Apr.	Noon
SHANGHAI, WANGHAI, NEW-CHANG & DALNI	"YINGCHOW"	On 21st Apr.	3 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIHONG	"TEAN"	On 23rd Apr.	11 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 23rd Apr.	5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	On 25th Apr.	8 a.m.
HOIHOW, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KWANGTUNG"	On 25th Apr.	10 a.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIHONG	"HUPER"	On 25th Apr.	Noon
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"HUIHOW"	On 27th Apr.	8 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"SUIYANG"	On 28th Apr.	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"ANHUI"	On 28th Apr.	8 a.m.
FOOCHOW, SINGAPORE, SINGAPORE, SINGAPORE	"LUCHOW"	On 28th Apr.	3 p.m.
HOIHOW & BANGKOK	"CHINHUA"	On 30th Apr.	10 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 30th Apr.	5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"NINGHAI"	On 2nd May	9 a.m.
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STATION	APRIL 17, 1929.										APRIL 18, 1929.									
	Hourly Rain	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	Visibility	Remarks	Hourly Rain	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	Visibility	Remarks
Wladivostok	12	29.83	757.6	54	SW	4	b	5	29.97	761.2	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Namur	11	29.67	753.5	...	SE	1	b	...	29.86	758.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hokodate	...	29.76	756.0	...	WNW	3	...	...	29.94	760.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kobe	...	29.73	755.0	...	S	1	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kochi	...	29.90	759.3	...	SE	2	...	...	29.82	757.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	...	29.96	761.0	...	SW	1	...	...	29.82	757.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	...	29.96	761.0	...	W	1	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	30.00	762.0	...	NNE	1	...	...	29.86	758.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	29.98	761.5	...	SSE	2	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	...	29.96	761.0	...	SSE	1	...	...	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	...	30.02	762.5	...	ENE	1	...	...	30.00	762.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	...	30.01	762.2	66	E	1	b	6	29.97	761.2	44	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	...	29.86	758.4	64	62	NNE	1	...	30.00	762.0	48	84	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gutzlaff	...	29.87	758.7	64	91	NNW	4	o	30.10	764.5	52	66	N	4	o	...	...	...	...	...
Sharp Peak	...	29.74	755.4	77	77	S	2	o	29.74	755.4	68	85	NE	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	...	29.79	756.6	75	86	W	1	o	29.75	755.6	69	95	SSE	1	of	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	29.82	757.4	79	83	S	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	...	29.89	759.3	82	51	...	0	b	29.76	756.0	70	92	S	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	...	29.93	760.2	82	...	...	0	b	29.81	757.2	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taiwan	...	29.91	759.6	84	...	SW	4	b	29.80	756.9	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshun	...	29.91	759.6	82	...	SW	2	b	29.79	756.6	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	29.92	759.9	82	...	SSE	4	o	29.78	756.3	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	...	29.82	757.4	77	78	ESE	1	o	29.73	756.3	71	89	SW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	...	29.85	758.2	...	ESE	2	b	...	29.73	756.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macao	...	29.80	756.9	81	73	SSE	2	o	29.75	755.7	68	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoihow	...	29.78	756.4	81	87	NE	2	b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	...	29.84	757.9	80	77	SSW	1	o	29.80	756.9	70	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Phulien	...	29.79	756.6	81	...	SE	4	b	29.81	757.2	72	94	NE	2	of	...	...	...	...	...
Tourane	...	29.82	757.5	84	68	SE	4	o	29.78	756.3	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	...	29.82	757.5	84	68	SE	4	o	29.81	757.2	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	...	29.76	756.0	85	65	NE	4	o	29.79	756.6	77	85	SE	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Apurri	...	29.75	755.7	87	42	NE	1	o	29.81	757.2	73	92	SW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	29.79	756.6	85	65	W	4	b	29.78	756.3	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.76	756.0	83	46	SE	4	b	29.81	757.2	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.78	756.3	90	63	NNE	2	o	29.81	757.2	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.75	755.7	81	90	W	4	o	29.80	756.9	75	98	NE	1	o	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	29.76	756.0	90	72	S	2	o	29.81	757.2	77	91	NE	1	o	...	...	...	...	...
Tacloban	...	29.73	755.1	85	63	NE	4	o	29.78	756.3	75	96	NE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...
Bohol	...	29.74	755.4	82	87	NNE	2	o	29.76	755.0	77	96	W	0	6	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	29.74	755.4	82	87	NNE	2	o	29.72	754.9	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	29.74	755.4	82	87	NNE	2	o	29.80	756.9	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	...	12.22	29.74	755.4	...	NE	4	o	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	...	11.00	29.74	755.4	...	ENE	0	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	...	14	29.79	756.6	86	84	NE	2	b	29.85	758.2	78	91	SW	2	b	...	...	...	...

April 18d. 11h. 40m.—The anticyclone is still indicated to the east of the Bonins; another has developed over N. China and South Manchuria. Pressure is relatively low over Japan and the China Sea. Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1, 2.27 inches, against an average of 8.79 inches.

## FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON THE 19th.

- 1.—Fermosa Channel ... Easterly or variable winds. Light to moderate; fair.  
2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamecks ...  
3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock ...  
4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan ...

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

## HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, April 18.

	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 6 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.79	29.82	29.71
Temperature	79	80	83
Humidity	68	68	63
Wind	...	...	...
Direction	S	W	S
Force	2	3	0
Weather	C	O	C
Rain	0.00	0.00	0.00

Highest open-air Temperature, 17: 80  
Lowest open-air Temperature, 18: 71

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Partly showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

\$7.50

will keep you in touch with Hong Kong news for six months

## AFTER YOU GO AWAY

and you will certainly want to know what is happening. Send an order for the Weekly Press to be sent to you. We, at 11, Ice House Street, will do the rest.

## HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

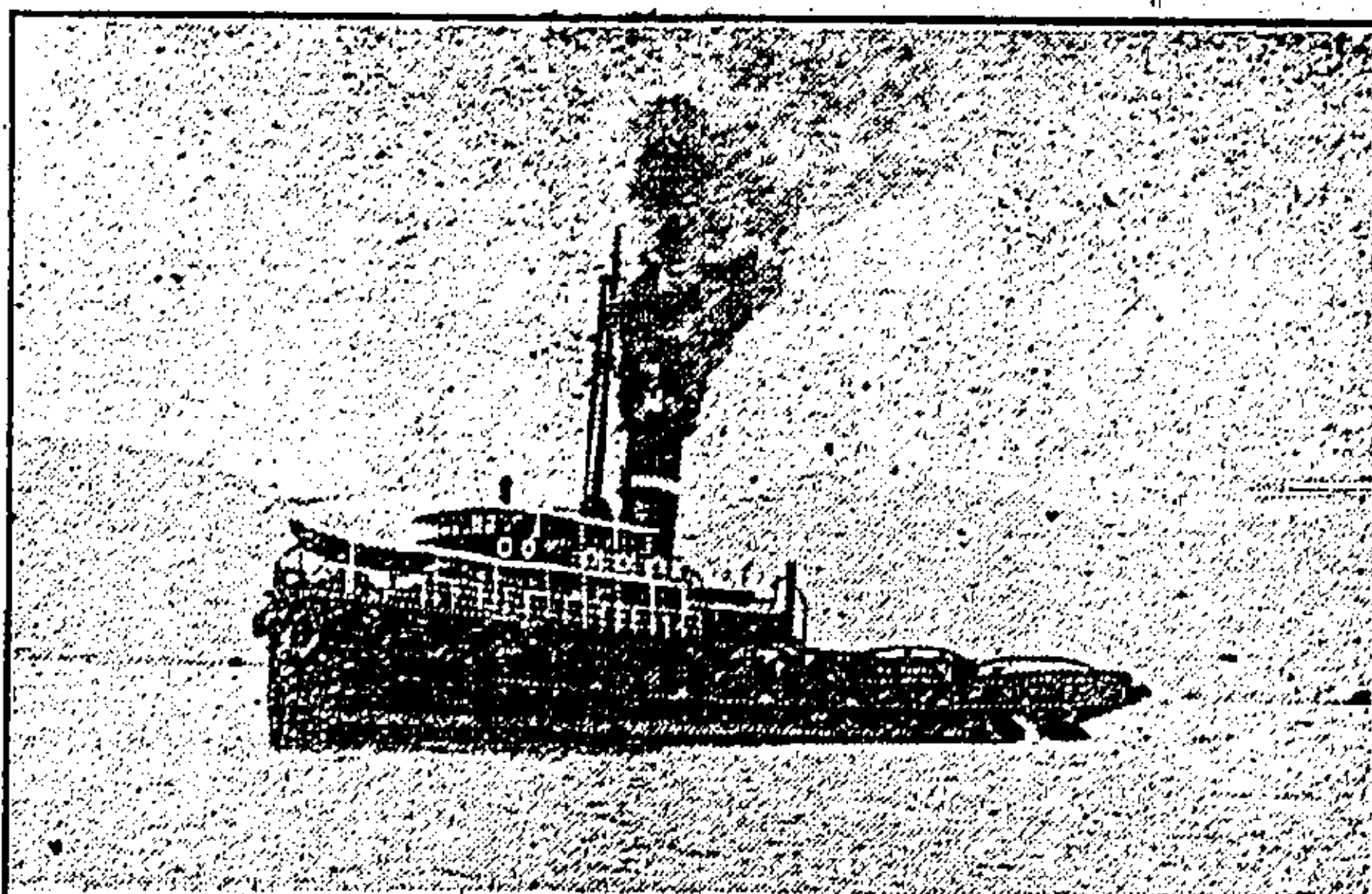
From April 19 to 25, 1929.

Days of Week	Date of Month	High Water		Low Water	
		Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Fri.	19	7 55	4.7	0 49	1.1
Sat.	20	8 21	6.4	0 6	1.2
Sun.	21	8 32	6.8	1 9	1.3
Mon.	22	8 20	6.8	1 57	1.3
Tues.	23	9 11	6.1	2 40	1.2
Wed.	24	9 35	5.9	3 24	1.3
Thur.	25	10 48	5.4	4 3	1.4
		11 33	4.9	4 45	1.3

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## CANADIAN PACIFIC

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ACROSS THE PACIFIC  
TO VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

17 Days Hong Kong-Vancouver, 14 Days Shanghai-Vancouver  
11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver

Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Arrive
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... May 1	May 13	May 21	May 28	June 1
EMPRESS OF ASIA ... May 13	May 25	June 1	June 8	June 11
EMPRESS OF FRANCE ... May 25	June 6	June 13	June 20	June 23
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... June 6	June 18	June 25	July 2	July 5
EMPRESS OF ASIA ... June 18	July 30	Aug 6	Aug 13	Aug 16
EMPRESS OF FRANCE ... June 30	Aug 11	Aug 18	Aug 25	Aug 28
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... Aug 11	Sept 23	Sept 30	Oct 7	Oct 10
EMPRESS OF ASIA ... Aug 23	Oct 5	Oct 12	Oct 19	Oct 22
EMPRESS OF FRANCE ... Sept 5	Oct 17	Oct 24	Oct 31	Nov 3
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... Sept 17	Oct 29	Nov 5	Nov 12	Nov 15
EMPRESS OF ASIA ... Sept 29	Nov 11	Nov 18	Nov 25	Nov 28
EMPRESS OF FRANCE ... Oct 11	Nov 23	Dec 1	Dec 8	Dec 11
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... Oct 23	Dec 5	Dec 12	Dec 19	Dec 22
EMPRESS OF ASIA ... Oct 29	Dec 11	Dec 18	Dec 25	Dec 28
EMPRESS OF FRANCE ... Nov 11	Dec 23	Dec 30	Jan 6	Jan 9
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... Nov 23	Dec 31	Jan 7	Jan 14	Jan 17
EMPRESS OF ASIA ... Dec 5	Jan 13	Jan 20	Jan 27	Jan 30

E/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai.

Connecting Canadian Pacific Atlantic sailings from Montreal and Quebec  
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Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

## HONG KONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave Hong Kong	Arrive Manila	Leave Manila	Arrive Hong Kong
Apr. 19	Apr. 21	EXPRESS OF RUSSIA	Apr. 25
May 7	May 9	EXPRESS OF ASIA	May 10

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SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

TOYAMA MARU ... Monday, 22nd Apr.

MISAKI MARU ... Monday, 6th May

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

KITANO MARU ... Saturday, 20th Apr.

HARUNA MARU (Call Hall) ... Saturday, 4th May

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

AKI MARU ... Wednesday, 24th Apr.

KAGA MARU ... Wednesday, 2nd May

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

BENGAL MARU ... Saturday, 27th Apr.

HAKODATE MARU ... Wednesday, 1st May

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

RAKUYO MARU ... Friday, 19th Apr.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Ports.

HAKATA MARU ... Monday, 6th May

NEW YORK via PANAMA.

TOBA MARU ... Friday, 19th Apr.

LISBON MARU ... Monday, 29th Apr.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Genoa & Marseilles.

LIMA MARU ... Tuesday, 23rd Apr.

CAIRO via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

RANGOON MARU ... Friday, 16th Apr.

TOKUSHIMA MARU ... Monday, 29th Apr.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

DAKAR MARU ... Friday, 16th Apr.

KAGA MARU (Nagasaki direct) ... Friday, 19th Apr.

TOYOHASHI MARU ... Saturday, 20th Apr.

ATSUTA MARU ... Tuesday, 30th Apr.

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## Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News,  
etc.

## YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 13,800 TONS;  
THROUGH CARGO  
34,200 TONS.

During the 24 hours ended at 2  
a.m. yesterday the returns to the  
Harbour Office of cargo carried by  
vessels arriving in Hong Kong were  
as follows:—

Cargo for Through Ports.

British R.K. Through Ports.

Glaucus 1,384 7,407

City of Khartoum 5 7,500

Aratara Sydney 1,139 1,741

Namsang Calcutta 1,763 1,633

Kwai Sang Tsingtao 438 525

Kwong Sang Canton — 800

Hai Yang Foochow 300 —

Teau Bangkok 1,779 —

American Tacoma 900 1,500

Everett — 900 1,500

Norwegian Hydra II. 1,750 —

Bangkok 1,750 —

Japanese Andes Maru, Antwerp 880 6,622

Toyoohashi Maru, Hamburg 903 6,157

Talkin Maru, Japan 5,082 —

Lushan Maru, Shanghai 20 11

Hozan Maru, Keelung 642 —

Chinese Phrauang, Swatow — 100

Wong Shek, Kung Sai 1,800 —

Tak Hing, Macao 75 —

Macao — 1,875 100

Total 13,821 34,200

Arrivals and Departures.

The arrivals and departures during  
the period under review were  
as follows:—

Arr. Dep.

British 9 10

American 1 0

Norwegian 1 0

Japanese 5 3

Chinese 4 2

Dutch 0 1

Total 20 16

PASSENGERS.

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the R.M.S. Empress of Russia from  
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Mr. C. V. Huang, Mr. D. A.  
McIntosh, Mr. J. E. Nixon, Mr. J.  
E. Rowland, Mr. T. Stig-Nielsen,  
Lt. Comdr. F. H. E. Skyrme, Mrs.  
C. R. W. Thomson, Mr. B. S. Yelki.



